

1 **R277. Education, Administration.**

2 **R277-920. School Improvement - Implementation of the School Turnaround and**  
3 **Leadership Development Act.**

4 **R277-920-1. Authority and Purpose.**

5 (1) This rule is authorized by:

6 (a) [Utah Constitution Article X, Section 3](#), which vests general control and supervision  
7 over public education in the Board;

8 (b) Subsection [53E-3-401\(4\)](#), which allows the Board to make rules to execute the  
9 Board's duties and responsibilities under the Utah Constitution and state law; and

10 (c) [Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 3, School Turnaround and Leadership Development Act](#),  
11 which requires the Board to make rules to establish:

12 (i) an appeal process for the denial of a school turnaround plan;

13 (ii) provisions regarding funding distributed to a low performing school;

14 (iii) criteria for granting an extension to a low performing school;

15 (iv) criteria for exiting a school that has demonstrated sufficient improvement;

16 (v) criteria for approving a teacher recruitment and retention plan;

17 (vi) implications for a low performing school; and

18 (vii) eligibility criteria, application procedures, selection criteria, and procedures for  
19 awarding incentive pay for the School Leadership Development Program.

20 (2) The purpose of this rule is to:

21 (a) enact provisions governing school improvement efforts; and

22 (b) implement and administer the School Turnaround and Leadership Development  
23 Act.

24 **R277-920-2. Definitions.**

25 (1) "Appeal committee" means the committee established by Section R277-920-5.

26           (2) "Baseline performance" means the percentage of possible points earned by a  
27 school through the school accountability system in the year the school was identified as a low  
28 performing school.

29           (3) "Committee" means a school turnaround committee established in accordance with  
30 Subsections [53E-5-303](#)(1) or [53E-5-304](#)(4).

31           (4) "Eligible school" means a low performing school that:

32           (a) was designated as a low performing school based on 2014-2015 school year  
33 performance; and

34           (b)(i) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by  
35 comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the  
36 school's letter grade for the final remedial year; or

37           (ii)(A) has been granted an extension under Subsection [53E-5-306](#)(3) and this Rule  
38 R277-920; and

39           (B) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by  
40 comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the  
41 school's letter grade for the last school year of the extension period.

42           (5) "Low performing school" means a school that:

43           (a) is for two consecutive school years in the lowest performing:

44           (i) 3% of the high schools statewide according to the percentage of possible points  
45 earned under the school accountability system; or

46           (ii) 3% of the elementary, middle, and junior high schools statewide according to the  
47 percentage of possible points earned under the school accountability system; and

48           (b) participates in the school turnaround and leadership development program  
49 described in [Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 3](#).

50           (6) "High performing charter school" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
51 [53E-5-306](#).

52           (7) "School improvement grant" means a Title I grant under the Elementary and  
53 Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6303(g).

54 (8) "Schools in critical needs status" means a school that has been identified under  
55 Subsection R277-920-3(1).

56 (9) "School leader" means the same as that term is defined in Section [53E-5-309](#).

57 (10) "School turnaround program" or "[school]turnaround program" means the school  
58 turnaround and leadership development program described in [Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3](#).

59 (11) "State exit review panel" means a state review panel described in Subsection (12)  
60 established to review the data of a school eligible to exit the school turnaround program as  
61 described in Section R277-920-12.

62 ~~[(11)](12)~~ "State review panel" means a state review panel appointed by the  
63 Superintendent that includes at least three members who each have demonstrated expertise  
64 in two or more of the following fields:

- 65 (a) leadership at the school district or school level;
- 66 (b) standards-based elementary or secondary curriculum instruction and assessment;
- 67 (c) instructional data management and analysis;
- 68 (d) educational program evaluation;
- 69 (e) educational program management;
- 70 (f) teacher leadership;
- 71 (g) change management;
- 72 (h) organizational management; or
- 73 (i) school budgeting and finance.

74 ~~[(12)](13)~~ "Title I school" means a school that receives funds under the Elementary and  
75 Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.

76 **R277-920-3. Superintendent's Identification of Schools for Critical Needs Status --**  
77 **Readiness Review.**

78 (1) Subject to Subsection (2), on or before September 30, the Superintendent shall  
79 identify schools for critical needs status if the school is a:

- 80 (a) low performing school;

81 (b) high school with a four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate of less than or equal  
82 to 67% for three school years on average;

83 (c) Title I school with chronically underperforming student groups as described in  
84 Section R277-920-11; or

85 (d) Title I school that:

86 (i) has not been identified under Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c); and

87 (ii) performed in the lowest 5% of Title I schools over the past three years on average  
88 according to the percentage of points earned under the school accountability system.

89 (2) The Superintendent shall make the identification under:

90 (a) Subsection (1)(b) beginning with the 2018-2019 school accountability results and  
91 every two years thereafter;

92 (b) Subsection (1)(c) beginning with the 2022-2023 school accountability results and  
93 every three years thereafter; and

94 (c) Subsection (1)(d) beginning with the 2021-2022 school accountability results and  
95 every three years thereafter.

96 (3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), schools in critical needs status are  
97 required to comply with the provisions of [Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 3, School Turnaround and](#)  
98 [Leadership Development Act](#).

99 (b) Schools that are identified under Subsections (1)(b), (1)(c), and (1)(d) are exempt  
100 from the requirement to contract with an independent school turnaround expert described in  
101 Section [53E-5-305](#).

102 **R277-920-4. Superintendent's Identification of Schools for Targeted Needs Status.**

103 (1) As used in this section, "student groups" means a group of 10 or more students:

104 (a) who are economically disadvantaged;

105 (b) with disabilities;

106 (c) who are English learners;

107 (d) who are African American;

108 (e) who are American Indian;

109 (f) who are Asian;

110 (g) who are Hispanic;

111 (h) who are Multiple races;

112 (i) who are Pacific Islander; or

113 (j) who are White.

114 (2)(a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the Superintendent shall identify for targeted needs  
115 status any school with one or more student groups who:

116 (i) for two consecutive years, is assigned a percentage of possible points in the state's  
117 accountability system that is equal to or below the percentage of possible points associated  
118 with the lowest rating in the state's accountability system; and

119 (ii) is not currently identified for critical needs status under Section R277-920-3.

120 (b) The Superintendent shall make the identification under Subsection (2)(a) beginning  
121 with the 2018-2019 school accountability results and every year thereafter.

122 (3) A school identified under Subsection (2) shall develop and implement a plan to  
123 improve performance of the student group that was the subject of the identification under  
124 Subsection (2), in accordance with the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20  
125 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.

126 (4) To exit targeted needs status, a school shall demonstrate that the school no longer  
127 meets the criteria for which the school was identified for two consecutive years within four  
128 school years after the month in which the school was identified.

129 (5) The Superintendent shall identify a school that does not meet the exit criteria  
130 described in Subsection (4) as a school with chronically underperforming student groups as  
131 described in Section R277-920-3.

132 **R277-920-5. Identification of New Schools due to Statewide Assessment System**  
133 **Irregularities During the 2020 COVID-19 Pandemic.**

134           The Superintendent may not identify a new school for critical needs status based on  
135 school accountability results from the 2019-20 school year due to the waiver to administer  
136 assessments described in Section [53E-4-315](#).

137   **R277-920-6. School Turnaround Plan Submission and Approval Process.**

138           (1) In addition to the requirements described in Subsection [53E-5-303](#)(5), a plan shall  
139 include at least the following:

140           (a) if the school in critical needs status is a district school, a request to the local school  
141 board and district superintendent for:

142               (i) additional resources;

143               (ii) personnel; or

144               (iii) exemptions from district policy that may be contributing to the low performance of  
145 the district school; and

146           (b) a plan for management of school personnel, including:

147               (i) recruitment of an educator or school leader; and

148               (ii) professional development for an educator or school leader.

149           (2) A local education board shall include in the plan a strategy for sustaining school  
150 improvement efforts after a school exits critical needs status.

151           (3)(a) A local education board may approve or deny a plan in whole or in part, if the  
152 part of the plan the board denies is severable from the part of the plan the board approves.

153           (b) A local education board shall give a reason for a denial of each part of a plan.

154           (4) On or before January 15, a local education board of a low performing school shall  
155 submit a proposal described in Subsection [53E-5-303](#)(1) or Subsection [53E-5-304](#)(4) to the  
156 Superintendent for approval.

157           (5) A local education board shall submit a plan in accordance with Subsection [53E-5-](#)  
158 [303](#)(7) or Subsection [53E-5-304](#)(9) to the Board.

159           (6) In accordance with Subsection [53E-5-305](#)(3), the Board may review and approve  
160 or deny a plan in whole or in part, if the part of the plan the Board denies is severable from the

161 part of the plan the Board approves.

162 **R277-920-7. Appeal Process for Denial of a School Turnaround Plan.**

163 (1) As used in this section "plan" means a school turnaround plan described in  
164 Subsection [53E-5-303](#)(5).

165 (2) A committee or local education board may appeal the denial of a plan, in whole or  
166 in part, by following the procedures and requirements of this section.

167 (3) An appeal authorized by this rule:

168 (a) is an informal adjudicative proceeding under Section [63G-4-203](#); and

169 (b) shall be resolved by the date specified in Subsection [53E-5-305](#)(6)(b).

170 (4)(a) A principal, on behalf of a committee, may request that the local education board  
171 reconsider the denial of a plan:

172 (i) by electronically filing the request:

173 (A) with the chair of the local education board; and

174 (B) on a form provided on the Board website; and

175 (ii) within 5 calendar days of the denial.

176 (b) The reconsideration request may include a modification to the plan if the committee  
177 approves the modification.

178 (c) The local education board shall respond to the request within 10 calendar days by:

179 (i) refusing to reconsider its action;

180 (ii) approving a plan, in whole or in part; or

181 (iii) denying a plan modification.

182 (d) The principal may appeal the denial of a plan under this Subsection (3):

183 (i) by electronically filing an appeal with the Superintendent on a form provided on the  
184 Board website; and

185 (ii) within 5 calendar days of the denial.

186 (e) An appeal filed under this subsection shall be resolved in accordance with  
187 Subsections (5) and (6).

188           (5) A district superintendent, on behalf of a local school board, or a charter school  
189 governing board chair, on behalf of a charter school governing board, may appeal the Board's  
190 denial of a plan:

191           (a) by electronically filing an appeal with the Superintendent on a form provided on the  
192 Board website; and

193           (b) within 5 calendar days of the denial.

194           (6)(a) At least three members of a Board committee, appointed by the Board as the  
195 appeal committee, shall review the written appeal.

196           (b) The appeal committee may ask the principal, district superintendent, local school  
197 board chair, or charter school governing board chair to:

198           (i) provide additional written information; or

199           (ii) appear personally and provide information.

200           (c) The appeal committee shall make a written recommendation within 5 business days  
201 of receipt of the appeal request to the Board to accept, modify, or reject the plan and give a  
202 reason for the recommendation.

203           (7) The Board may accept or reject the appeal committee's recommendation and the  
204 Board's decision is the final administrative action.

205 **R277-920-8. School Turnaround Program Funding.**

206           (1) The Superintendent shall annually designate an amount of funds available for  
207 distribution to low performing schools under this section, taking into consideration:

208           (a) variability in the number of schools that are identified on an annual basis;

209           (b) encumbered funds; and

210           (c) other program obligations.

211           (2) The Superintendent shall distribute any funds available for distribution under  
212 Subsection (1) after the allocation of funds described in Subsections (3) and (4) to local  
213 education boards of low performing schools on a prioritized basis taking need for the funds,  
214 as demonstrated by the needs assessment conducted in accordance with Section [53E-5-302](#),



215 into account.

216 (3) Subject to availability of funds, on or before January 30 of the school year in which  
217 a low performing school is identified, the Superintendent shall distribute at least \$240,000 per  
218 low performing school to each local education board of a low performing school.

219 (4) Subject to availability of funds, in addition to the amount distributed under  
220 Subsection (3), the Superintendent shall distribute an amount equal to \$30,000 for each of the  
221 following criteria that a school meets:

222 (a) the school is located in a county with a county seat that is over 100 miles away from  
223 Salt Lake City;

224 (b) the school is located within San Juan County; or

225 (c) the school:

226 (i)(A) has over 75 full time equivalent educators; and

227 (B) includes grade 12; or

228 (ii)(A) has over 37 full time equivalent educators; and

229 (B) does not include grade 12.

230 (5)(a) The local education board shall use the funding distributed under Subsections  
231 (3) and (4) to contract with an independent school turnaround expert, including travel costs, in  
232 accordance with Sections [53E-5-303](#) and [53E-5-304](#).

233 (b) A local education board shall use funding available after the allocation of funds  
234 under Subsection (5)(a) only for interventions identified in a school turnaround plan.

235 (6) The Superintendent may review uses of funds and contracts with independent  
236 school turnaround experts.

237 (7) The Superintendent may provide funding to a school that remains in the turnaround  
238 program beyond the school's identified exit year.

239 **R277-920-9. Teacher Recruitment and Retention.**

240 (1) As used in this section, "matching funds" means funds that are not allocated to a  
241 school under Section R277-920-8.

242           (2) In accordance with Section [53E-5-308](#), a local education board of a low performing  
243 school may seek and receive matching funds from the state to implement strategies for teacher  
244 recruitment and retention identified in a plan described in Subsection (3).

245           (3) To qualify for matching funds under this section, on or before January 15, a local  
246 education board of a low performing school shall submit a plan to the Superintendent that:

247           (a) includes a strategy for teacher recruitment and retention for the school in critical  
248 needs status;

249           (b)(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), is responsive to the needs assessment  
250 conducted in accordance with Section [53E-5-302](#); or

251           (ii) if the school was identified as a low performing school based on 2014-2015 school  
252 accountability results, includes a root cause analysis of the school's teacher recruitment and  
253 retention challenges, including:

254           (A) a clear definition of the problem to be solved;

255           (B) hypotheses for the causes of the problem;

256           (C) strategies to address the root causes of the problem;

257           (D) current data on teacher retention rates; and

258           (E) current recruitment and retention strategies;

259           (c) includes the amount of matching funds the local education board is requesting from  
260 the state;

261           (d) includes assurances that the local education board will allocate matching funds; and

262           (e) may include a stipend for educators who work non-contract hours to develop or  
263 implement strategies identified in a school improvement plan.

264           (4) The Superintendent shall:

265           (a) approve a plan that meets the criteria described in Subsection (3); and

266           (b) on or before March 1, distribute matching funds to a local education agency that has  
267 submitted an approved plan in an amount not to exceed:

268           (i) \$1000 per teacher for schools identified based on 2014-2015 school accountability  
269 results; or

270           (ii) \$1500 per teacher for schools identified based on 2016-17 school accountability  
271 results and each year thereafter.

272   **R277-920-10. School Leadership Development Program.**

273           (1) A school leader may apply to participate in the School Leadership Development  
274 Program if the school leader:

275           (a) is assigned to a school in critical needs status; or

276           (b) is nominated by the school leader's district superintendent or charter school  
277 governing board to participate.

278           (2) A school leader who meets the requirements of Subsection (1) may apply to  
279 participate in the School Leadership Development Program by electronically submitting an  
280 application to the Superintendent on a form provided on the Board website by the date  
281 specified on the Board website.

282           (3)(a) The Superintendent shall select a school leader to participate in the School  
283 Leadership Development Program based on the following selection criteria:

284           (i) First priority shall be given to a school leader who is assigned to a low performing  
285 school;

286           (ii) second priority is given to a school leader who is assigned to a school in critical  
287 needs status that is not a low performing school; and

288           (iii) third priority is given to a school leader who is nominated by the school leader's  
289 district superintendent or charter school governing board.

290           (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the Superintendent may give priority to a school  
291 leader who has not received prior leadership training before selecting a school leader who has  
292 received prior leadership training.

293           (4)(a) In accordance with Subsection [53E-5-309](#)(4), the Superintendent shall award  
294 incentive pay to a school leader within 30 days after:

295           (i) the school leader completes the School Leadership Development Program; and

296 (ii) the school leader's LEA verifies that the school leader entered into a written  
297 agreement as described in Subsection [53E-5-309](#)(4).

298 (b) The Superintendent shall distribute \$400 per session to a school leader who  
299 completes at least 75% of the School Leadership Development Program sessions.

300 (5) The Superintendent may award incentive pay to a school leader described in  
301 Subsection (5) for up to five years.

302 **R277-920-11. Exit Criteria for a Low Performing School -- Extensions -- More Rigorous**  
303 **Interventions.**

304 (1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), to exit the school turnaround program,  
305 a low performing school shall demonstrate, in the third or fourth year after which the school  
306 was identified as a low performing school, that the school:

307 (i) meets individualized exit criteria that is calculated by reducing the gap in  
308 performance between the school's baseline performance and the threshold score for a 'B' letter  
309 grade, as described in R277-497-2, by one-third; and

310 (ii) exceeds the lowest 5% of all schools in the ranking of schools from the year the  
311 school was identified.

312 (b) A low performing school that was identified based on 2014-15 school accountability  
313 results is required to improve performance by at least one letter grade, as determined by  
314 comparing the school's letter grade for the 2014-15 school year to the school's letter grade for  
315 the 2017-18 school year.

316 (2) In determining whether a school has met the criteria described in Subsection (1),  
317 the Superintendent shall apply the indicators, weightings, and threshold scores described in  
318 the version of [Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 2, School Accountability System](#) that was in place at  
319 the time the school was identified.

320 (3) If a school does not meet the exit criteria described in Subsection (1)(a) in the fourth  
321 year after which the school was identified as a low performing school, the school may qualify

322 for an extension to continue current school improvement efforts for up to two years if the  
323 school:

324 (a)(i)(A) reduced the gap in performance between the school's baseline performance  
325 and the threshold for a 'B' letter grade, as described in [R277-497-2](#), by at least one-fourth; and

326 (B) exceeds at least the lowest 3% of all schools in the ranking of schools from the year  
327 the school was scheduled to exit; or

328 (ii) has met only one of the exit criteria described in Subsection (1)(a); and

329 (b) electronically files an extension request with the Superintendent within 15 days of  
330 the release of school accountability results, that provides rationale justifying an extension.

331 (4)(a) The Superintendent shall conduct an in-depth analysis of the alignment of the  
332 school's curriculum to the Utah core standards:

333 (i) in each school that qualifies for an extension under Subsection (3); and

334 (ii) that is individualized to each teacher.

335 (b) The Superintendent may require a local education board or school to:

336 (i) take actions to remedy issues identified in the analysis described in Subsection  
337 (4)(a); or

338 (ii) revise the school turnaround plan.

339 (5) If a school identified as a low performing school does not meet the exit criteria  
340 described in Subsection (1) or qualify for an extension as described in Subsection (3) the  
341 following groups shall make a recommendation to the Board on what action the Board should  
342 take:

343 (a) a state review panel, described in Subsection (7);

344 (b) if the school is a district school, the local school board, with input from the  
345 community as described in Subsection (8); and

346 (c) if the school is a charter school, the charter school authorizer with input from the  
347 community as described in Subsection (8).

348 (6) The groups described in Subsection (5) shall make a recommendation within 90  
349 days of the release of school accountability results on whether the Board should:

- 350 (a) require personnel changes, including replacement of school leaders or teachers;
- 351 (b) if the school is a district school:
- 352 (i) require involuntary transfers of school leaders or teachers;
- 353 (ii) require the local school board to change school boundaries;
- 354 (iii) temporarily appoint a public or non-profit entity other than the local school board to
- 355 manage and operate the school; or
- 356 (iv) permanently transfer control of a school to a public or non-profit entity other than
- 357 the local education board;
- 358 (c) if the school is a charter school:
- 359 (i) require that the charter school governing board be replaced; or
- 360 (ii) require that the charter school authorizer close the school; or
- 361 ~~(c)~~(d) if the school is a charter school, require that the charter school authorizer:
- 362 (i) replace some or all members of the charter school governing board;
- 363 (ii) transfer operation and control of the charter school to:
- 364 (A) a high performing charter school; or
- 365 (B) the school district in which the charter school is located; or
- 366 (iii) close the school; or
- 367 ~~(d)~~(e) take other action.
- 368 (7)(a) The Superintendent shall appoint members of a state review panel.
- 369 (b) The state review panel shall critically evaluate at least:
- 370 (i) whether the local education agency has the capacity to implement the changes
- 371 necessary to improve school performance;
- 372 (ii) whether the school leadership is adequate to implement change to improve school
- 373 performance;
- 374 (iii) whether the school has sufficient authority to implement change;
- 375 (iv) whether the plan is being implemented with fidelity;
- 376 (v) whether the state and local education board provided sufficient resources to the
- 377 school to support school improvement efforts, including whether the local school board

378 prioritized school district funding and resources to the school in accordance with Section  
379 [53E-5-303](#);

380 (vi) the likelihood that performance can be improved within the current management  
381 structure and staffing; and

382 (vii) the necessity that the school remain in operation to serve students.

383 (8) A local school board and charter school authorizer shall develop recommendations  
384 under this section in collaboration with:

385 (a) parents of students currently attending the school;

386 (b) teachers, principals, and other school leaders at the school;

387 (c) stakeholders representing the interests of students with disabilities, English learners,  
388 and other vulnerable student populations; and

389 (d) other community members and community partners.

390 **R277-920-12. Exit Criteria for Schools in a year with Statewide Assessment System**  
391 **Irregularities.**

392 (1) For a school year where there are statewide assessment system irregularities or  
393 a suspension of the administration of statewide assessments:

394 (a) the Superintendent shall appoint a state exit review panel; and

395 (b) the state exit review panel shall review the data of a school eligible to be considered  
396 for exit at the conclusion of the applicable year and make a recommendation to the Board on  
397 whether the school demonstrated adequate progress to exit the turnaround program.

398 (2) A state exit review panel described in Subsection (1) shall review the following  
399 questions to inform the state exit review panel's recommendation:

400 (a)(i) for a school identified based on school accountability results from the 2014-15 or  
401 2015-16 school year, whether the school achieved above the lowest 3% threshold based on  
402 the school accountability data and measures from the 2018-19 school year; or

403           (ii) for a school identified based on school accountability results from the 2017-18  
404 school year or later, whether the school achieved above the lowest 3% threshold based on the  
405 school accountability data and measures from a combination of two consecutive years;

406           (b) whether the school provides evidence of substantial progress and growth in addition  
407 to the data described in Subsection (2)(a); and

408           (c) whether the school has qualitative or quantitative data from the implementation of  
409 the school's turnaround plan that also demonstrate substantial improvement.

410           (3) For a school whose data are impacted by statewide assessment system  
411 irregularities or a suspension of the administration of statewide assessments during one or  
412 more of the school's designated years in the turnaround program:

413           (a) the Superintendent shall appoint a state exit review panel;

414           (b) the state exit review panel shall review the data of the school whose data are  
415 impacted by the statewide assessment system irregularities or suspension of statewide  
416 assessment; and

417           (c) the state exit review panel shall make a recommendation to the Board whether the  
418 school demonstrated substantial improvement.

419           (4) A state exit review panel described in Subsection (3) shall review qualitative and  
420 quantitative data from the Implementation of the school's turnaround plan.

421           (5) The qualitative and quantitative data described in Subsection (4) may include:

422           (a) local student performance data;

423           (b) for a school that is a high school:

424           (i) credit earned;

425           (ii) graduation rate; and

426           (iii) other types of successful completion, such as earning a GED;

427           (c) increased attendance;

428           (d) student engagement or school climate;

429           (e) parent engagement;

430           (f) criteria presented by the school being reviewed;



431 (g) whether the charter school is meeting all minimum standards described in Section  
432 53G-5-303 in the school's charter agreement with the authorizer, including:

433 (i) minimum financial standards for operating the charter school;

434 (ii) minimum standards for student achievement;

435 (iii) the mission statement and purpose of the charter school;

436 (iv) the grade levels served;

437 (v) the maximum number of students; and

438 (vi) the charter school governing board and structure; and

439 (h) additional criteria established by the Superintendent.

440 (6)(a) Notwithstanding other provisions in this Section R277-920-12, for a school year  
441 where there are statewide assessment system irregularities or a suspension of the  
442 administration of statewide assessments, a school eligible to be considered for exit at the  
443 conclusion of the applicable year may elect to remain in the turnaround program an additional  
444 year.

445 (b) A school electing to remain in the turnaround program shall submit a formal request  
446 to remain in the turnaround program an additional year at least 30 days before the school  
447 presents to the state exit review panel.

448 (7) For a school that elects to remain in the program an additional year as described  
449 in Subsection (6):

450 (a) the Superintendent may provide a different standard of review of the school's data  
451 by the state exit review panel; and

452 (b) in addition to the information described in Subsection (5), the school shall provide  
453 a request for resources to the Superintendent, including the proposed uses of the resources,  
454 for the school's additional year in the turnaround program.

455 **R277-920-13. School Recognition and Reward Program.**

456           (1) The Superintendent shall distribute school recognition and reward program money  
457 to an LEA with an eligible school within 30 days of the Board's official release of school grades  
458 for the year the eligible school is eligible for an award of money.

459           (2) The Superintendent shall notify the LEA and principal of an eligible school within  
460 15 days of the Board's official release of school grades:

461           (a) that the eligible school is eligible for an award of money; and

462           (b) of the amount of the award that the eligible school will receive.

463           (3) The LEA, in consultation with the principal of the eligible school shall distribute the  
464 money received under Subsection (1):

465           (a) to each educator assigned to the school for all of the years the school was identified  
466 as a low performing school; and

467           (b) in a pro-rated manner to each educator assigned to the school for less time than  
468 the school was identified as a low performing school.

469 **KEY: principals, school improvements, school leaders**

470 **Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment: January 8, 2021**

471 **Authorizing, and Implemented or Interpreted Law: [Art X, Sec 3](#); [53E-3-401\(4\)](#); Title 53E,**

472 **Chapter 5, Part 3**