

SOUTH WEBER CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

Watch live or at your convenience <u>https://www.youtube.com/c/southwebercityut</u>

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the City Council of SOUTH WEBER CITY, Utah, will meet in an electronic public meeting commencing at 6:00 p.m. on Tuesday February 16, 2021 broadcast live via YouTube.

- 1. Electronic Meeting Declaration and Order
- 2. Opposition Letter to House Bill 98 Local Government Building Regulation Amendments
- 3. Adjourn

In compliance with the Americans With Disabilities Act, individuals needing special accommodations during this meeting should notify the City Recorder, 1600 East South Weber Drive, South Weber, Utah 84405 (801-479-3177) at least two days prior to the meeting.

THE UNDERSIGNED DULY APPOINTED CITY RECORDER FOR THE MUNICIPALITY OF SOUTH WEBER CITY HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT A COPY OF THE FOREGOING NOTICE WAS MAILED, EMAILED, OR POSTED TO: 1. CITY OFFICE BUILDING 2. FAMILY ACTIVITY CENTER 3. CITY WEBSITE <u>www.southwebercity.com</u> 4. UTAH PUBLIC NOTICE WEBSITE <u>www.pmn.utah.gov</u> 5. THE GOVERNING BODY MEMBERS 6. OTHERS ON THE AGENDA

DATE: 02-12-2021

CITY RECORDER: Lisa Smith

Lisa Smith

# ORDER ON PUBLIC MEETINGS OF THE SOUTH WEBER CITY COUNCIL

I, Jo Sjoblom as the Mayor of South Weber City, do hereby find and declare as follows:

- Due to the Emergency conditions which currently exist in the State of Utah, and specifically in Davis County and South Weber City as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic and the recent surge in COVID-19 infections across the state and in Davis County, the holding of public meetings with an anchor location as defined in the *Utah Open and Public Meetings Act*, presents\_a substantial risk to the health and safety of those who may be present at the anchor location; and
- 2. The risk to those who may be present at an anchor location can be substantially mitigated by holding public meetings of the City Council pursuant to electronic means that allow for public participation via virtual means; and
- 3. The City has the means and ability to allow virtual participation in the public meetings in accordance with the *Utah Open and Public Meetings Act*;

#### NOW THEREFORE, BASED UPON THE FOREGOING,

For thirty days from the date of this Order, meetings of the South Weber City Council shall be conducted by electronic means without an anchor location.

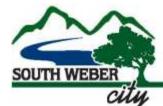
DATED this 12<sup>th</sup> day of February 2021.

By:

Jo Sjoblom, Mayor

ATTEST: is Smith

Lisa Smith City Recorder



1600 E. South Weber Drive South Weber, UT 84405

www.southwebercity.com

801-479-3177 FAX 801-479-0066

February 17, 2021

Governor Spencer J. Cox 350 N State Street, Suite 200 P.O. Box 142220 Salt Lake City, UT 84114-2220

Dear Governor Cox,

RE: HB 98 – Local Government Building Regulations

As a united City Council, we reach out to express our concerns and objections with House Bill 98 – Local Government Building Regulations. As you know, this bill would allow developers to bypass municipality building inspections and prohibit municipal building design elements.

The bill is purportedly justified due to reports of undue delays in municipalities performing inspections. We hold that this is a misrepresentation of how the majority of Utah cities respond to the high building demand in Utah in an appropriate and responsible timeframe.

More importantly, municipalities perform this duty as a public safeguard for our residents and businesses. Building inspections confirm the safety of buildings as they are constructed under real world situations that are not anticipated in the original architectural and engineering drawings. These inspections are essential in maintaining public and personal safety for individuals, families, and businesses throughout the State and should not be lightly discarded.

Our concern is one of appropriate oversight, separation of process, and one size fits all. Allowing a builder to hire and contract their own inspector is a major conflict of interest and does not provide the necessary oversight that municipal inspections provide. A builder will control the entire process if allowed to contract for construction and inspection of the same project. That is extremely problematic.

We acknowledge that discussions are ongoing regarding the final language to be included in the bill. However, we feel the foundational principles of this bill are off base and harmful to the safety of residents of the State.

We strongly encourage you to act against HB 98 as it encroaches upon a municipality's ability to provide essential public safety measures to residents and businesses in favor of a conceived efficiency for developers. Please support our municipalities as we strive to protect our residents.

Sincerely,

Jo Sjoblom Mayor	Hayley Alberts Council Member	Blair Halverson Council Member	
Angie Petty Council Member	Quin Soderquist Council Member	Wayne Winsor Council Member	

1	LOCAL GOVERNMENT BUILDING REGULATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2021 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
6	Senate Sponsor:
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends provisions related to local government building regulation.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>allows a building permit applicant to opt out of certain local building inspection and</li> </ul>
14	plan review requirements;
15	<ul> <li>allows an independent building inspector to issue a certificate of occupancy to a</li> </ul>
16	building permit applicant in certain circumstances;
17	<ul> <li>exempts a construction project involving repairs to a building damaged by a natural</li> </ul>
18	disaster from certain State Construction Code and building permit requirements;
19	<ul> <li>prohibits a municipality or county from regulating certain building design elements;</li> </ul>
20	and
21	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	None
26	Utah Code Sections Affected:
27	AMENDS:



28	10-5-132, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 354 and 441
29	10-6-160, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 441
30	10-9a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 136
31	15A-1-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 197
32	15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 441
33	15A-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 111 and 441
34	15A-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 20
35	15A-5-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 111
36	17-27a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 136
37	17-36-55, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 441
38	38-1a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 250
39	78B-2-225, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 97
40	ENACTS:
41	10-9a-530, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	17-27a-527, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	
44	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
45	Section 1. Section <b>10-5-132</b> is amended to read:
46	<b>10-5-132.</b> Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
47	(1) As used in this section:
48	(a) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
10	(a) Construction project means the same as that term is defined in Section 56 fa 102.
49	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division
49 50	
	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division
50	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and
50 51	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing Licensing Act.
50 51 52	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Divisionof Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector andFactory Built Housing Licensing Act.[(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
50 51 52 53	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing Licensing Act. [(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
50 51 52 53 54	<ul> <li>(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division</li> <li>of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and</li> <li>Factory Built Housing Licensing Act.</li> <li>[(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping</li> <li>accommodations to the public, including any of the following:</li> <li>(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;</li> </ul>
50 51 52 53 54 55	<ul> <li>(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division</li> <li>of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and</li> <li>Factory Built Housing Licensing Act. <ul> <li>[(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping</li> <li>accommodations to the public, including any of the following:</li> <li>(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;</li> <li>(ii) a boarding house;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

-	
59	(vi) a lodging house;
60	(vii) a motel;
61	(viii) a resort; or
62	(ix) a rooming house.
63	[(c)] (d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a town has approved the
64	following elements of a construction project:
65	(i) zoning;
66	(ii) lot sizes;
67	(iii) setbacks;
68	(iv) easements;
69	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
70	(vi) grades and slopes;
71	(vii) utilities;
72	(viii) street names;
73	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
74	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
75	(x) subdivision.
76	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(d)}\right]$ (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a town
77	requires to obtain a building permit from the town with a scope that may not exceed a review to
78	verify:
79	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State Construction
80	Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
81	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under Section
82	15A-2-103;
83	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
84	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
85	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
86	agencies;
87	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
88	protection laws;
89	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;

90	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and unfinished
91	space; and
92	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction will
93	comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
94	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
95	(A) required to be re-submitted for additional modifications or substantive changes
96	identified by the plan review;
97	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
98	approved by the building official; or
99	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant, is
100	reviewed by a third party.
101	[(e)] (f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
102	15A-1-102.
103	[(f)] (g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
104	15A-1-102.
105	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) "Structural review" means:
106	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
107	(A) footing size and bar placement;
108	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
109	(C) beam and header sizes;
110	(D) nailing patterns;
111	(E) bearing points;
112	(F) structural member size and span; and
113	(G) sheathing; or
114	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection $(1)[(g)](h)(i)$ ,
115	a review that a licensed engineer conducts.
116	[(h)] (i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the
117	training and expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
118	(2) (a) If a town collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the town
119	shall ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection.
120	(b) If a town cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the

121 day on which the town receives the request for the inspection, the town shall promptly engage 122 an independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant. 123 (c) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code or 124 State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder written 125 notification that: 126 (i) identifies each violation; (ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable provision 127 128 of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code: and 129 (iii) is delivered: 130 (A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and 131 (B) the day on which the inspection occurs. 132 (3) (a) A town shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two 133 family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on which the plan 134 is submitted to the town. 135 (b) A town shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential 136 structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging establishment, by 137 no later than 21 business days after the day on which the plan is submitted to the town. 138 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a town does not complete a plan review before 139 the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant may request that the 140 town complete the plan review. 141 (ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the town shall perform 142 the plan review no later than: 143 (A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on which the 144 applicant makes the request; or 145 (B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on which the 146 applicant makes the request. 147 (d) An applicant may: 148 (i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or 149 (ii) with the town's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement. 150 (4) (a) A town may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if: 151 (i) (A) the town does not complete the plan review within the time period described in

152	Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and
153	[(ii)] (B) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law,
154	stamps the plan[-]; or
155	(ii) the applicant opts out of the plan review requirement in accordance with
156	Subsection (7).
157	(b) A town may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:
158	(i) items with which the town is concerned and may enforce during construction; and
159	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
160	(c) A town may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the town requests minor
161	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (4)(b) identifies.
162	(5) An applicant shall ensure that each construction project plan submitted for a plan
163	review under this section has a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with
164	applicable local ordinances and building codes.
165	(6) (a) An applicant may opt out of an inspection requirement under this section if:
166	(i) the applicant:
167	(A) engages a licensed building inspector to complete all required inspections of the
168	construction project on the applicant's behalf; and
169	(B) at the time the applicant opts out of the inspection, notifies the town in writing of
170	the name and address of the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A);
171	and
172	(ii) the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A):
173	(A) completes all required inspections of the construction project on the applicant's
174	behalf; and
175	(B) notifies the town in writing after the licensed building inspector completes the final
176	inspection of the construction project.
177	(b) A licensed building inspector who inspects a construction project on an applicant's
178	behalf under Subsection (6)(a) shall issue the applicant a certificate of occupancy after
179	providing the notification described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B).
180	(7) (a) An applicant may opt out of a plan review requirement under this section if the
181	applicant:
182	(i) engages a licensed building inspector to review the plan on the applicant's behalf;

and
(ii) at the time the applicant opts out of the plan review, notifies the town in writing of
the name and address of the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
(b) (i) If an applicant opts out of a plan review requirement under Subsection (7)(a), the
town may require a zoning review to verify that the construction project complies with
applicable zoning ordinances.
(ii) A town that requires a zoning review under Subsection (7)(b)(i):
(A) shall complete the zoning review no later than two business days after the day on
which the applicant opts out of the plan review; and
(B) may charge the applicant a zoning review fee not to exceed \$200.
(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), a town may not charge an applicant a
fee for a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B), that exceeds
one-half of the regular fee amount that the town charges for a building permit, if the applicant
opts out of either:
(i) an inspection requirement under Subsection (6); or
(ii) a plan review requirement under Subsection (7).
(b) If an applicant opts out of both an inspection requirement under Subsection (6) and
a plan review requirement under Subsection (7), the town may not charge the applicant a fee
for a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B).
Section 2. Section <b>10-6-160</b> is amended to read:
<b>10-6-160.</b> Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division
of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and
Factory Built Housing Licensing Act.
[(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
(ii) a boarding house;
(iii) a dormitory;

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214	(iv) a hotel;
215	(v) an inn;
216	(vi) a lodging house;
217	(vii) a motel;
218	(viii) a resort; or
219	(ix) a rooming house.
220	[(c)] (d) "Planning review" means a review to verify that a city has approved the
221	following elements of a construction project:
222	(i) zoning;
223	(ii) lot sizes;
224	(iii) setbacks;
225	(iv) easements;
226	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
227	(vi) grades and slopes;
228	(vii) utilities;
229	(viii) street names;
230	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
231	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
232	(x) subdivision.
233	[(d)] (e) (i) " Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a city
234	requires to obtain a building permit from the city with a scope that may not exceed a review to
235	verify:
236	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State Construction
237	Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
238	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under Section
239	15A-2-103;
240	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
241	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
242	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
243	agencies;
244	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water

245	protection laws;
246	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
247	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and unfinished
248	space; and
249	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction will
250	comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
251	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
252	(A) required to be re-submitted for additional modifications or substantive changes
253	identified by the plan review;
254	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
255	approved by the building official; or
256	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant, is
257	reviewed by a third party.
258	[(e)] (f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
259	15A-1-102.
260	[(f)] (g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
261	15A-1-102.
262	[(g)] (h) "Structural review" means:
263	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
264	(A) footing size and bar placement;
265	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
266	(C) beam and header sizes;
267	(D) nailing patterns;
268	(E) bearing points;
269	(F) structural member size and span; and
270	(G) sheathing; or
271	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection $(1)[(g)](h)(i)$ ,
272	a review that a licensed engineer conducts.
273	[(h)] (i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the
274	training and expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
275	(2) (a) If a city collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the city shall

ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection.

- (b) If a city cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the
  day on which the city receives the request for the inspection, the city shall promptly engage an
  independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant.
- (c) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code or
  State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder written
  notification that:
- 283 (i) identifies each violation;
- (ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable provisionof the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and

286 (iii) is delivered:

287 (A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and

288 (B) the day on which the inspection occurs.

(3) (a) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two
family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on which the plan
is submitted to the city.

- (b) A city shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential
  structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging establishment, by
  no later than 21 business days after the day on which the plan is submitted to the city.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a city does not complete a plan review before
  the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant may request that the
  city complete the plan review.
- (ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the city shall perform theplan review no later than:
- 300 (A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on which the301 applicant makes the request; or
- 302 (B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on which the303 applicant makes the request.
- 304 (d) An applicant may:
- 305 (i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or
- 306 (ii) with the city's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement.

307	(4) (a) A city may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review if:
308	(i) $(A)$ the city does not complete the plan review within the time period described in
309	Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and
310	[(ii)] (B) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law,
311	stamps the plan[-]; or
312	(ii) the applicant opts out of the plan review requirement in accordance with
313	Subsection (7).
314	(b) A city may attach to a reviewed plan a list that includes:
315	(i) items with which the city is concerned and may enforce during construction; and
316	(ii) building code violations found in the plan.
317	(c) A city may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the city requests minor
318	changes to the plan that the list described in Subsection (4)(b) identifies.
319	(5) An applicant shall ensure that each construction project plan submitted for a plan
320	review under this section has a statement indicating that actual construction will comply with
321	applicable local ordinances and building codes.
322	(6) (a) An applicant may opt out of an inspection requirement under this section if:
323	(i) the applicant:
324	(A) engages a licensed building inspector to complete all required inspections of the
325	construction project on the applicant's behalf; and
326	(B) at the time the applicant opts out of the inspection, notifies the city in writing of the
327	name and address of the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A); and
328	(ii) the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A):
329	(A) completes all required inspections of the construction project on the applicant's
330	behalf; and
331	(B) notifies the city in writing after the licensed building inspector completes the final
332	inspection of the construction project.
333	(b) A licensed building inspector who inspects a construction project on an applicant's
334	behalf under Subsection (6)(a) shall issue the applicant a certificate of occupancy after
335	providing the notification described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B).
336	(7) (a) An applicant may opt out of a plan review requirement under this section if the
337	applicant:

338	(i) engages a licensed building inspector to review the plan on the applicant's behalf;
339	and
340	(ii) at the time the applicant opts out of the plan review, notifies the city in writing of
341	the name and address of the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
342	(b) (i) If an applicant opts out of a plan review requirement under Subsection (7)(a), the
343	city may require a zoning review to verify that the construction project complies with
344	applicable zoning ordinances.
345	(ii) A city that requires a zoning review under Subsection (7)(b)(i):
346	(A) shall complete the zoning review no later than two business days after the day on
347	which the applicant opts out of the plan review; and
348	(B) may charge the applicant a zoning review fee not to exceed \$200.
349	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), a city may not charge an applicant a fee
350	for a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B), that exceeds
351	one-half of the regular fee amount that the city charges for a building permit, if the applicant
352	opts out of either:
353	(i) an inspection requirement under Subsection (6); or
354	(ii) a plan review requirement under Subsection (7).
355	(b) If an applicant opts out of both an inspection requirement under Subsection (6) and
356	a plan review requirement under Subsection (7), the city may not charge the applicant a fee for
357	a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B).
358	Section 3. Section 10-9a-403 is amended to read:
359	10-9a-403. General plan preparation.
360	[(1) (a) As used in this section, "residential building design element" means for a
361	single-family residential building:]
362	[(i) exterior building color;]
363	[(ii) type or style of exterior cladding material;]
364	[(iii) style or materials of a roof structure, roof pitch, or porch;]
365	[(iv) exterior nonstructural architectural ornamentation;]
366	[(v) location, design, placement, or architectural styling of a window or door, including
367	a garage door;]
368	[(vi) the number or type of rooms;]

369	[(vii) the interior layout of a room; or]
370	[(viii) the minimum square footage of a structure.]
371	[(b) "Residential building design element" does not include for a single-family
372	residential building:]
373	[(i) the height, bulk, orientation, or location of a structure on a lot; or]
374	[(ii) buffering or screening used to:]
375	[(A) minimize visual impacts;]
376	[(B) mitigate the impacts of light or noise; or]
377	[(C) protect the privacy of neighbors.]
378	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section
379	10-9a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the municipal legislative body for a
380	general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission
381	initiates the process of preparing its recommendation.
382	(b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a
383	proposed general plan for the area within the municipality.
384	(c) The plan may include areas outside the boundaries of the municipality if, in the
385	planning commission's judgment, those areas are related to the planning of the municipality's
386	territory.
387	(d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of
388	eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of
389	the municipality, the municipality may not take action affecting that territory without the
390	concurrence of the county or other municipalities affected.
391	[(3)] (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps,
392	charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's
393	recommendations for the following plan elements:
394	(i) a land use element that:
395	(A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and
396	location of land for housing for residents of various income levels, business, industry,
397	agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other
398	categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and
399	(B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density

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400 and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan; 401 (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element that: 402 (A) provides the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial 403 and collector streets, public transit, active transportation facilities, and other modes of 404 transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate; 405 (B) for a municipality that has access to a major transit investment corridor, addresses 406 the municipality's plan for residential and commercial development around major transit 407 investment corridors to maintain and improve the connections between housing, employment, 408 education, recreation, and commerce; 409 (C) for a municipality that does not have access to a major transit investment corridor, 410 addresses the municipality's plan for residential and commercial development in areas that will 411 maintain and improve the connections between housing, transportation, employment, 412 education, recreation, and commerce: and 413 (D) correlates with the population projections, the employment projections, and the 414 proposed land use element of the general plan; and 415 (iii) for a municipality described in Subsection 10-9a-401(3)(b), a plan that provides a 416 realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing. 417 (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission: 418 (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that municipalities shall facilitate a 419 reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing: 420 (A) to meet the needs of people of various income levels living, working, or desiring to 421 live or work in the community; and 422 (B) to allow people with various incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all 423 aspects of neighborhood and community life; 424 (ii) for a town, may include, and for other municipalities, shall include, an analysis of 425 how the municipality will provide a realistic opportunity for the development of moderate 426 income housing within the next five years; 427 (iii) for a town, may include, and for other municipalities, shall include, a 428 recommendation to implement three or more of the following strategies: 429 (A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income 430 housing;

431	(B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the
432	construction of moderate income housing;
433	(C) facilitate the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate
434	income housing;
435	(D) consider general fund subsidies or other sources of revenue to waive construction
436	related fees that are otherwise generally imposed by the city;
437	(E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, accessory dwelling units in
438	residential zones;
439	(F) allow for higher density or moderate income residential development in
440	commercial and mixed-use zones, commercial centers, or employment centers;
441	(G) encourage higher density or moderate income residential development near major
442	transit investment corridors;
443	(H) eliminate or reduce parking requirements for residential development where a
444	resident is less likely to rely on the resident's own vehicle, such as residential development near
445	major transit investment corridors or senior living facilities;
446	(I) allow for single room occupancy developments;
447	(J) implement zoning incentives for low to moderate income units in new
448	developments;
449	(K) utilize strategies that preserve subsidized low to moderate income units on a
450	long-term basis;
451	(L) preserve existing moderate income housing;
452	(M) reduce impact fees, as defined in Section 11-36a-102, related to low and moderate
453	income housing;
454	(N) participate in a community land trust program for low or moderate income
455	housing;
456	(O) implement a mortgage assistance program for employees of the municipality or of
457	an employer that provides contracted services to the municipality;
458	(P) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for state or federal funds or tax
459	incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing;
460	(Q) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for programs offered by the Utah
461	Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity;

462 (R) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for affordable housing programs 463 administered by the Department of Workforce Services; 464 (S) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for programs administered by an 465 association of governments established by an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, 466 Interlocal Cooperation Act; 467 (T) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for services provided by a public 468 housing authority to preserve and create moderate income housing; 469 (U) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for programs administered by a 470 metropolitan planning organization or other transportation agency that provides technical 471 planning assistance; 472 (V) utilize a moderate income housing set aside from a community reinvestment 473 agency, redevelopment agency, or community development and renewal agency; and 474 [(W) reduce residential building design elements; and] 475  $\left[\frac{X}{X}\right]$  (W) any other program or strategy implemented by the municipality to address 476 the housing needs of residents of the municipality who earn less than 80% of the area median 477 income; and 478 (iv) in addition to the recommendations required under Subsection  $\left[\frac{(3)}{(2)(b)(iii)}\right]$ , for 479 a municipality that has a fixed guideway public transit station, shall include a recommendation 480 to implement the strategies described in Subsection [(3)] (2)(b)(iii)(G) or (H). 481 (c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall: 482 (i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the municipality; and 483 (ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is 484 inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture. 485 (d) In drafting the transportation and traffic circulation element, the planning 486 commission shall: 487 (i) consider the regional transportation plan developed by its region's metropolitan 488 planning organization, if the municipality is within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning 489 organization; or 490 (ii) consider the long-range transportation plan developed by the Department of 491 Transportation, if the municipality is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning

492 organization.

493  $\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$  (3) The proposed general plan may include: 494 (a) an environmental element that addresses: 495 (i) the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including 496 the quality of air, forests, soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, 497 and other natural resources; and 498 (ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of 499 streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other 500 environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils. 501 protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards; 502 (b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water, 503 waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them, 504 police and fire protection, and other public services; 505 (c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and 506 programs for: 507 (i) historic preservation; 508 (ii) the diminution or elimination of a development impediment as defined in Section 509 17C-1-102; and 510 (iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and 511 public building sites; 512 (d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an 513 economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected municipal 514 revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry, 515 primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity; 516 (e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including 517 the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and 518 promotion, and any other appropriate action; 519 (f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 10-9a-401(2) or (3); 520 and 521 (g) any other element the municipality considers appropriate. 522 Section 4. Section **10-9a-530** is enacted to read: 523 10-9a-530. Regulation of building design elements prohibited -- Exceptions.

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524	(1) As used in this section, "building design element" means for a building:
525	(a) exterior color;
526	(b) type or style of exterior cladding material;
527	(c) style, dimensions, or materials of a roof structure, roof pitch, or porch;
528	(d) exterior nonstructural architectural ornamentation;
529	(e) location, design, placement, or architectural styling of a window or door, including
530	<u>a garage door;</u>
531	(f) number or type of rooms;
532	(g) interior layout of a room;
533	(h) minimum square footage;
534	(i) landscaping requirements; or
535	(j) minimum dimensions.
536	(2) A municipal legislative body may not adopt or enforce an ordinance regulating a
537	building design element.
538	(3) This section does not apply to:
539	(a) an ordinance regulating a structure located within an area designated as a historic
540	district on the National Register of Historic Places; or
541	(b) an ordinance enacted as a condition for participation in the National Flood
542	Insurance Program administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
543	Section 5. Section <b>15A-1-104</b> is amended to read:
544	15A-1-104. Permit approval required Certificate of occupancy valid.
545	(1) As used in this section:
546	(a) "Compliance agency" is as defined in Section 15A-1-202.
547	(b) "Project" is as defined in Section 15A-1-209.
548	(2) A compliance agency for a political subdivision may not reject a permit, or
549	otherwise withhold approval of a project whenever approval is required, for failure to comply
550	with the applicable provisions of this title unless the compliance agency:
551	(a) cites with specificity the applicable provision with which the project has failed to
552	comply; and
553	(b) describes how the project has failed to comply.
554	(3) If a compliance agency [or a], representative of a compliance agency, or building

555	inspector that has the authority to issue a certificate of occupancy under Section 10-5-132,
556	<u>10-6-160, or 17-36-55</u> issues a certificate of occupancy, the [compliance agency] individual or
557	entity that issued the certificate of occupancy may not withdraw the certificate of occupancy or
558	exert additional jurisdiction over the elements of the project for which the certificate was
559	issued unless additional changes or modifications requiring a building permit are made to
560	elements of the project after the certificate was issued.
561	Section 6. Section <b>15A-1-202</b> is amended to read:
562	15A-1-202. Definitions.
563	As used in this chapter:
564	(1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops,
565	or keeping or raising domestic animals.
566	(2) (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications
567	contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a
568	compliance agency.
569	(b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
570	(3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use
571	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
572	(4) "Code" means:
573	(a) the State Construction Code; or
574	(b) an approved code.
575	(5) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in Section
576	15A-1-203.
577	(6) "Compliance agency" means:
578	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
579	construction regulated under the codes;
580	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
581	enforce compliance with the codes; or
582	(c) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this chapter
583	by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3, Factory Built
584	Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
585	(7) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a nationally

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586	recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection 15A-1-204(1),
587	including:
588	(a) a building code;
589	(b) an electrical code;
590	(c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
591	(d) a plumbing code;
592	(e) a mechanical code;
593	(f) a fuel gas code;
594	(g) an energy conservation code;
595	(h) a swimming pool and spa code; and
596	(i) a manufactured housing installation standard code.
597	(8) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section <u>38-1a-102</u> .
598	[(8)] (9) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
599	Commerce.
600	[(9)] (10) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
601	(a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
602	(b) amends the State Construction Code; or
603	(c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
604	[(10)] (11) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is
605	empowered to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair,
606	and other activities subject to the codes.
607	(12) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with a
608	structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides a
609	weather barrier.
610	(13) "Natural disaster" means:
611	(a) an explosion;
612	<u>(b) fire;</u>
613	(c) a flood;
614	(d) a storm;
615	(e) a tornado;
616	<u>(f) winds;</u>

617	(g) an earthquake;
618	(h) lightning; or
619	(i) any other adverse weather event.
620	[(11)] (14) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other
621	than protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
622	(a) maintenance and repair; and
623	(b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are
624	kept there.
625	[(12)] (15) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by
626	the commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of
627	the codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the
628	issue.
629	(16) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
630	(a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
631	(b) is not used as a permanent residence;
632	(c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
633	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
634	(d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
635	(e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
636	(f) is registered with the local health department.
637	[(13)] (17) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to
638	engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other
639	activities subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
640	Section 7. Section <b>15A-1-204</b> is amended to read:
641	15A-1-204. Adoption of State Construction Code Amendments by commission
642	Approved codes Exemptions.
643	(1) (a) The State Construction Code is the construction codes adopted with any
644	modifications in accordance with this section that the state and each political subdivision of the
645	state shall follow.
646	(b) A person shall comply with the applicable provisions of the State Construction
647	Code when:

648	(i) new construction is involved; and
649	(i) the owner of an existing building, or the owner's agent, is voluntarily engaged in:
650	(A) the repair, renovation, remodeling, alteration, enlargement, rehabilitation,
651	conservation, or reconstruction of the building; or
652	(B) changing the character or use of the building in a manner that increases the
653	occupancy loads, other demands, or safety risks of the building.
654	(c) On and after July 1, 2010, the State Construction Code is the State Construction
655	Code in effect on July 1, 2010, until in accordance with this section:
656	(i) a new State Construction Code is adopted; or
657	(ii) one or more provisions of the State Construction Code are amended or repealed in
658	accordance with this section.
659	(d) A provision of the State Construction Code may be applicable:
660	(i) to the entire state; or
661	(ii) within a county, city, or town.
662	(2) (a) The Legislature shall adopt a State Construction Code by enacting legislation
663	that adopts a nationally recognized construction code with any modifications.
664	(b) Legislation described in Subsection (2)(a) shall state that the legislation takes effect
665	on the July 1 after the day on which the legislation is enacted, unless otherwise stated in the
666	legislation.
667	(c) Subject to Subsection (6), a State Construction Code adopted by the Legislature is
668	the State Construction Code until, in accordance with this section, the Legislature adopts a new
669	State Construction Code by:
670	(i) adopting a new State Construction Code in its entirety; or
671	(ii) amending or repealing one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.
672	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), for each update of a nationally
673	recognized construction code, the commission shall prepare a report described in Subsection
674	(4).
675	(b) For the provisions of a nationally recognized construction code that apply only to
676	detached one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses not more than three stories above
677	grade plane in height with separate means of egress and their accessory structures, the
678	commission shall:

679	(i) prepare a report described in Subsection (4) in 2021 and, thereafter, for every
680	second update of the nationally recognized construction code; and
681	(ii) not prepare a report described in Subsection (4) in 2018.
682	(4) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3), on or before September 1 of the same year as
683	the year designated in the title of a nationally recognized construction code, the commission
684	shall prepare and submit, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written report to the Business
685	and Labor Interim Committee that:
686	(i) states whether the commission recommends the Legislature adopt the update with
687	any modifications; and
688	(ii) describes the costs and benefits of each recommended change in the update or in
689	any modification.
690	(b) After the Business and Labor Interim Committee receives the report described in
691	Subsection (4)(a), the Business and Labor Interim Committee shall:
692	(i) study the recommendations; and
693	(ii) if the Business and Labor Interim Committee decides to recommend legislative
694	action to the Legislature, prepare legislation for consideration by the Legislature in the next
695	general session.
696	(5) (a) (i) The commission shall, by no later than September 1 of each year in which
697	the commission is not required to submit a report described in Subsection (4), submit, in
698	accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written report to the Business and Labor Interim
699	Committee recommending whether the Legislature should amend or repeal one or more
700	provisions of the State Construction Code.
701	(ii) As part of a recommendation described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), the commission
702	shall describe the costs and benefits of each proposed amendment or repeal.
703	(b) The commission may recommend legislative action related to the State
704	Construction Code:
705	(i) on its own initiative;
706	(ii) upon the recommendation of the division; or
707	(iii) upon the receipt of a request by one of the following that the commission
708	recommend legislative action related to the State Construction Code:
709	(A) a local regulator;

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710	(B) a state regulator;
711	(C) a state agency involved with the construction and design of a building;
712	(D) the Construction Services Commission;
713	(E) the Electrician Licensing Board;
714	(F) the Plumbers Licensing Board; or
715	(G) a recognized construction-related association.
716	(c) If the Business and Labor Interim Committee decides to recommend legislative
717	action to the Legislature, the Business and Labor Interim Committee shall prepare legislation
718	for consideration by the Legislature in the next general session.
719	(6) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the commission may, in
720	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, amend the State
721	Construction Code if the commission determines that waiting for legislative action in the next
722	general legislative session would:
723	(i) cause an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare; or
724	(ii) place a person in violation of federal or other state law.
725	(b) If the commission amends the State Construction Code in accordance with this
726	Subsection (6), the commission shall file with the division:
727	(i) the text of the amendment to the State Construction Code; and
728	(ii) an analysis that includes the specific reasons and justifications for the commission's
729	findings.
730	(c) If the State Construction Code is amended under this Subsection (6), the division
731	shall:
732	(i) publish the amendment to the State Construction Code in accordance with Section
733	15A-1-205; and
734	(ii) prepare and submit, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, a written notice to the
735	Business and Labor Interim Committee containing the amendment to the State Construction
736	Code, including a copy of the commission's analysis described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii).
737	(d) If not formally adopted by the Legislature at the next annual general session, an
738	amendment to the State Construction Code under this Subsection (6) is repealed on the July 1
739	immediately following the next annual general session that follows the adoption of the
740	amendment.

741	(7) (a) The division in computation with the commission may approve without
741	(7) (a) The division, in consultation with the commission, may approve, without
742	adopting, one or more approved codes, including a specific edition of a construction code, for
743	use by a compliance agency.
744	(b) If the code adopted by a compliance agency is an approved code described in
745	Subsection (7)(a), the compliance agency may:
746	(i) adopt an ordinance requiring removal, demolition, or repair of a building;
747	(ii) adopt, by ordinance or rule, a dangerous building code; or
748	(iii) adopt, by ordinance or rule, a building rehabilitation code.
749	(8) Except as provided in Subsections (6), (7), (9), and (10), or as expressly provided in
750	state law, a state executive branch entity or political subdivision of the state may not, after
751	December 1, 2016, adopt or enforce a rule, ordinance, or requirement that applies to a subject
752	specifically addressed by, and that is more restrictive than, the State Construction Code.
753	(9) A state executive branch entity or political subdivision of the state may:
754	(a) enforce a federal law or regulation;
755	(b) adopt or enforce a rule, ordinance, or requirement if the rule, ordinance, or
756	requirement applies only to a facility or construction owned or used by a state entity or a
757	political subdivision of the state; or
758	(c) enforce a rule, ordinance, or requirement:
759	(i) that the state executive branch entity or political subdivision adopted or made
760	effective before July 1, 2015; and
761	(ii) for which the state executive branch entity or political subdivision can demonstrate,
762	with substantial evidence, that the rule, ordinance, or requirement is necessary to protect an
763	individual from a condition likely to cause imminent injury or death.
764	(10) The Department of Health or the Department of Environmental Quality may
765	enforce a rule or requirement adopted before January 1, 2015.
766	(11) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), a structure used solely in
767	conjunction with agriculture use, and not for human occupancy, or a structure that is no more
768	than 1,500 square feet and used solely for the type of sales described in Subsection
769	59-12-104(20), is exempt from the requirements of the State Construction Code.
770	(b) (i) Unless exempted by a provision other than Subsection (11)(a), a plumbing,
771	electrical, and mechanical permit may be required when that work is included in a structure

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772	described in Subsection (11)(a).
773	(ii) Unless located in whole or in part in an agricultural protection area created under
774	Title 17, Chapter 41, Agriculture, Industrial, or Critical Infrastructure Materials Protection
775	Areas, a structure described in Subsection (11)(a) is not exempt from a permit requirement if
776	the structure is located on land that is:
777	(A) within the boundaries of a city or town, and less than five contiguous acres; or
778	(B) within a subdivision for which the county has approved a subdivision plat under
779	Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 6, Subdivisions, and less than two contiguous acres.
780	[(12) (a) As used in this Subsection (12):]
781	[(i) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building wherein the
782	structure is composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides the
783	weather barrier.]
784	[(ii) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:]
785	[(A) is no larger than 710 square feet;]
786	[(B) is not used as a permanent residence;]
787	[(C) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
788	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;]
789	[(D) does not have plumbing or electricity;]
790	[(E) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water;
791	and]
792	[(F) registers with the local health department.]
793	[(b)] (12) (a) A remote yurt is exempt from the State Construction Code including the
794	permit requirements of the State Construction Code.
795	[(c)] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (12)[(b)](a), a county may by ordinance require
796	remote yurts to comply with the State Construction Code, if the ordinance requires the remote
797	yurts to comply with all of the following:
798	(i) the State Construction Code;
799	(ii) notwithstanding Section 15A-5-104, the State Fire Code; and
800	(iii) notwithstanding Section 19-5-125, Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, rules
801	made under that chapter, and local health department's jurisdiction over onsite wastewater
802	disposal.

803	(13) (a) Subsection (1)(b) does not apply to a person repairing damage to an existing
804	structure caused by a natural disaster, if the sole purpose of the repairs is to restore the structure
805	to the same or substantially the same condition as before the natural disaster.
806	(b) Subject to Subsection (13)(c), the permit requirements of the State Construction
807	Code do not apply to a construction project involving repairs to an existing structure described
808	in Subsection (13)(a).
809	(c) Upon the completion of a construction project involving repairs to an existing
810	structure described in Subsection (13)(a), the owner of the structure shall ensure that the
811	structure, to determine compliance with Subsection (13)(a), is inspected by:
812	(i) the local regulator within the political subdivision in which the construction project
813	takes place; or
814	(ii) a licensed building inspector, as defined in Section 10-6-160, in accordance with:
815	(A) Subsection 10-5-132(6), if the local regulator described in Subsection (13)(c)(i) is
816	<u>a town;</u>
817	(B) Subsection 10-6-160(6), if the local regulator described in Subsection (13)(c)(i) is a
818	<u>city; or</u>
819	(C) Subsection 17-36-55(6), if the local regulator described in Subsection (13)(c)(i) is a
820	county.
821	Section 8. Section <b>15A-3-102</b> is amended to read:
822	15A-3-102. Amendments to Chapters 1 through 3 of IBC.
823	(1) IBC, Section 106, is deleted.
824	(2) In IBC, Section 110, a new section is added as follows: "110.3.5.1,
825	Weather-resistant exterior wall envelope. An inspection shall be made of the weather-resistant
826	exterior wall envelope as required by Section 1404.2, and flashing as required by Section
827	1404.4 to prevent water from entering the weather-resistive barrier."
828	(3) In IBC, Section 111.2, a new exception is added as follows: "Exception: A licensed
829	building inspector who conducts an inspection on behalf of the owner or the owner's authorized
830	agent in accordance with Utah Code, Section 10-5-132, 10-6-160, or 17-36-55 may issue a
831	certificate of occupancy."
832	[(3)] (4) IBC, Section 115.1, is deleted and replaced with the following: "115.1
833	Authority. Whenever the building official finds any work regulated by this code being

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834 performed in a manner either contrary to the provisions of this code or other pertinent laws or 835 ordinances or is dangerous or unsafe, the building official is authorized to stop work." 836  $\left[\frac{4}{4}\right]$  (5) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Ambulatory 837 Surgical Center: "AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTER. A building or portion of a building 838 licensed by the Utah Department of Health where procedures are performed that may render 839 patients incapable of self preservation where care is less than 24 hours. See Utah 840 Administrative Code R432-13." 841  $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$  (6) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Assisted Living 842 Facility: "ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. See Residential Treatment/Support Assisted Living 843 Facility, Type I Assisted Living Facility, and Type II Assisted Living Facility." 844 [(6)] (7) In IBC, Section 202, the definition for Foster Care Facilities is modified by 845 deleting the word "Foster" and replacing it with the word "Child." 846 (8) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Licensed Building 847 Inspector: "LICENSED BUILDING INSPECTOR. An individual who is licensed by the Utah 848 Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Utah Code, Title 58, Chapter 56, 849 Building Inspector and Factory Built Housing Licensing Act." 850 [(7)] (9) In IBC, Section 202, the definition for "[F]Record Drawings" is modified by 851 deleting the words "a fire alarm system" and replacing them with "any fire protection system." 852 [<del>(8)</del>] (10) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Residential 853 Treatment/Support Assisted Living Facility: "RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT/SUPPORT 854 ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential facility that provides a group living 855 environment for four or more residents licensed by the Department of Human Services, and 856 provides a protected living arrangement for ambulatory, non-restrained persons who are 857 capable of achieving mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the physical assistance of 858 another person." 859 [(9)] (11) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Type I Assisted 860 Living Facility: "TYPE I ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential facility licensed by the 861 Department of Health that provides a protected living arrangement, assistance with activities of 862 daily living and social care to two or more ambulatory, non-restrained persons who are capable 863 of mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the assistance of another person. Subcategories 864 are:

Limited Capacity: two to five residents: 865 866 Small: six to sixteen residents; and 867 Large: over sixteen residents." 868 [(10)] (12) In IBC, Section 202, the following definition is added for Type II Assisted 869 Living Facility: "TYPE II ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. A residential facility licensed by 870 the Department of Health that provides an array of coordinated supportive personal and health 871 care services to two or more residents who are: 872 A. Physically disabled but able to direct his or her own care; or 873 B. Cognitively impaired or physically disabled but able to evacuate from the facility, or 874 to a zone or area of safety, with the physical assistance of one person. Subcategories are: 875 Limited Capacity: two to five residents; 876 Small: six to sixteen residents; and 877 Large: over sixteen residents." 878 [(11)] (13) In IBC, Section 305.2, the following changes are made: 879 (a) delete the words "more than five children older than 2 1/2 years of age" and replace 880 with the words "five or more children 2 years of age or older"; 881 (b) after the word "supervision" insert the words "child care services"; and 882 (c) add the following sentence at the end of the paragraph: "See Section 429, Day Care, 883 for special requirements for day care." 884 [(12)] (14) In IBC, Section 305.2.2 and 305.2.3, the word "five" is deleted and replaced 885 with the word "four" in all places. 886 [(13)] (15) A new IBC Section 305.2.4 is added as follows: "305.2.4 Child day care --887 residential child care certificate or a license. Areas used for child day care purposes with a 888 residential child care certificate, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R430-50, 889 Residential Certificate Child Care, or a residential child care license, as described in Utah 890 Administrative Code, R430-90, Licensed Family Child Care, may be located in a Group R-2 or 891 R-3 occupancy as provided in Sections 310.3 and 310.4 comply with the International 892 Residential Code in accordance with Section R101.2." 893 [(14)] (16) A new IBC Section 305.2.5 is added as follows: "305.2.5 Child care 894 centers. Each of the following areas may be classified as accessory occupancies, if the area 895 complies with Section 508.2:

896	1. Hourly child care centers, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-60,
897	Hourly Child Care Centers;
898	2. Child care centers, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-100, Child Care
899	Centers; and
900	3. Out-of-school-time programs, as described in Utah Administrative Code, R381-70,
901	Out of School Time Child Care Programs."
902	[(15)] (17) In IBC, Table 307.1(1), footnote "d" is added to the row for Explosives,
903	Division 1.4G in the column titled STORAGE - Solid Pounds (cubic feet).
904	[(16)] (18) In IBC, Section 308.2, in the list of items under "This group shall include,"
905	the words "Type-I Large and Type-II Small, see Section 308.2.5" are added after "Assisted
906	living facilities."
907	[(17)] (19) In IBC, Section 308.2.4, all of the words after the first International
908	Residential Code are deleted.
909	[(18)] (20) A new IBC, Section 308.2.5 is added as follows:
910	"308.2.5 Group I-1 assisted living facility occupancy groups. The following occupancy
911	groups shall apply to assisted living facilities:
912	Type I assisted living facilities with seventeen or more residents are Large Facilities
913	classified as an Institutional Group I-1, Condition 1 occupancy.
914	Type II assisted living facilities with six to sixteen residents are Small Facilities
915	classified as an Institutional Group I-1, Condition 2 occupancy. See Section 202 for
916	definitions."
917	[(19)] (21) In IBC, Section 308.3 Institutional Group I-2, the following changes are
918	made:
919	(a) The words "more than five" are deleted and replaced with "four or more";
920	(b) The group "Assisted living facilities, Type-II Large" is added to the list of groups;
921	(c) The words "Foster care facilities" are deleted and replaced with the words "Child
922	care facilities"; and
923	(d) The words "(both intermediate care facilities and skilled nursing facilities)" are
924	added after "Nursing homes."
925	[(20)] (22) In IBC, Section 308.3.2, the number "five" is deleted and replaced with the
926	number "four" in each location.

927	[(21)] (23) A new IBC, Section 308.3.3 is added as follows:
928	"308.3.3 Group I-2 assisted living facilities. Type II assisted living facilities with
929	seventeen or more residents are Large Facilities classified as an Institutional Group I-2,
930	Condition 1 occupancy. See Section 202 for definitions."
931	[(22)] (24) In IBC, Section 308.5, the words "more than five" are deleted and replaced
932	with the words "five or more."
933	[(23)] (25) In IBC, Section 308.5.1, the following changes are made:
934	(a) The words "more than five" are deleted and replaced with the words "five or more."
935	(b) The words "2-1/2 years or less of age" are deleted and replaced with "under the age
936	of two."
937	(c) The following sentence is added at the end: "See Section 429 for special
938	requirements for Day Care."
939	[(24)] (26) In IBC, Sections 308.5.3 and 308.5.4, the words "five or fewer" are deleted
940	and replaced with the words "four or fewer" in both places and the following sentence is added
941	at the end: "See Section 429 for special requirements for Day Care."
942	[(25)] (27) In IBC, Section 310.4, the following changes are made:
943	(a) The words "and single family dwellings complying with the IRC" are added after
944	"Residential Group-3 occupancies."
945	(b) The words "Assisted Living Facilities, limited capacity" are added to the list of
946	occupancies.
947	[(26)] (28) In IBC, Section 310.4.1, the following changes are made:
948	(a) The words "other than Child Care" are inserted after the words "Care facilities" in
949	the first sentence.
950	(b) All of the words after the first "International Residential Code" are deleted.
951	(c) The following sentence is added at the end of the last sentence: "See Section 429
952	for special requirements for Child Day Care."
953	[(27)] (29) A new IBC Section 310.4.3 is added as follows: " 310.4.3 Child Care.
954	Areas used for child care purposes may be located in a residential dwelling unit under all of the
955	following conditions and Section 429:
956	1. Compliance with Utah Administrative Code, R710-8, Day Care Rules, as enacted under the
957	authority of the Utah Fire Prevention Board.

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- 958 2. Use is approved by the Utah Department of Health, as enacted under the authority of the
- Utah Code, Title 26, Chapter 39, Utah Child Care Licensing Act, and in any of the followingcategories:
- a. Utah Administrative Code, R430-50, Residential Certificate Child Care.
- b. Utah Administrative Code, R430-90, Licensed Family Child Care.
- 963 3. Compliance with all zoning regulations of the local regulator."
- 964 [(28)] (30) A new IBC, Section 310.4.4 is added as follows: "310.4.4 Assisted living
- 965 facilities. Type I assisted living facilities with two to five residents are Limited Capacity
- 966 facilities classified as a Residential Group R-3 occupancy or are permitted to comply with the
- 967 International Residential Code. See Section 202 for definitions."
- 968 [(29)] (31) In IBC, Section 310.5, the words "Type II Limited Capacity and Type I
  969 Small, see Section 310.5.3" are added after the words "assisted living facilities."
- 970 [(30)] (32) A new IBC, Section 310.5.3, is added as follows: "310.5.3 Group R-4
- 971 Assisted living facility occupancy groups. The following occupancy groups shall apply to
- 972 Assisted Living Facilities: Type II Assisted Living Facilities with two to five residents are
- 973 Limited Capacity Facilities classified as a Residential Group R-4, Condition 2 occupancy. Type
- 974 I assisted living facilities with six to sixteen residents are Small Facilities classified as
- 975 Residential Group R-4, Condition 1 occupancies. See Section 202 for definitions."
- 976 Section 9. Section **15A-5-104** is amended to read:
- 977 15A-5-104. Exemptions from State Fire Code.
- 978 (1) As used in this section, "remote yurt" means the same as that term is defined in
  979 [Subsection 15A-1-204(12)] Section 15A-1-202.
- 980 (2) A remote yurt is exempt from the State Fire Code unless otherwise provided by
  981 ordinance in accordance with Subsection 15A-1-204(12)[<del>(c)</del>](b).
- 982 (3) An owner of a remote yurt shall ensure that a fire extinguisher is in the remote yurt.
  983 Section 10. Section 17-27a-403 is amended to read:
- 984 **17-27a-403.** Plan preparation.
- 985 (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section
- 986 17-27a-203, of its intent to make a recommendation to the county legislative body for a general
- 987 plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the
- 988 process of preparing its recommendation.

989 (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a 990 proposed general plan for: 991 (i) the unincorporated area within the county: or 992 (ii) if the planning commission is a planning commission for a mountainous planning 993 district, the mountainous planning district. 994 (c) (i) The plan may include planning for incorporated areas if, in the planning 995 commission's judgment, they are related to the planning of the unincorporated territory or of 996 the county as a whole. 997 (ii) Elements of the county plan that address incorporated areas are not an official plan 998 or part of a municipal plan for any municipality, unless it is recommended by the municipal 999 planning commission and adopted by the governing body of the municipality. 1000 (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), if property is located in a mountainous 1001 planning district, the plan for the mountainous planning district controls and precedes a 1002 municipal plan, if any, to which the property would be subject. 1003 (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, 1004 and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's 1005 recommendations for the following plan elements: 1006 (i) a land use element that: 1007 (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and 1008 location of land for housing for residents of various income levels, business, industry, 1009 agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other 1010 categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate; and 1011 (B) may include a statement of the projections for and standards of population density 1012 and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan; 1013 (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element that: 1014 (A) provides the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial 1015 and collector streets, public transit, active transportation facilities, and other modes of 1016 transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate: 1017 (B) addresses the county's plan for residential and commercial development around 1018 major transit investment corridors to maintain and improve the connections between housing, 1019 employment, education, recreation, and commerce; and

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1020 (C) correlates with the population projections, the employment projections, and the 1021 proposed land use element of the general plan; 1022 (iii) a plan for the development of additional moderate income housing within the 1023 unincorporated area of the county or the mountainous planning district, and a plan to provide a 1024 realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing; and 1025 (iv) before May 1, 2017, a resource management plan detailing the findings, objectives, and policies required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3). 1026 1027 (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission: 1028 (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that counties should facilitate a 1029 reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing: 1030 (A) to meet the needs of people of various income levels living, working, or desiring to 1031 live or work in the community; and 1032 (B) to allow people with various incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all 1033 aspects of neighborhood and community life; and 1034 (ii) shall include an analysis of how the county will provide a realistic opportunity for 1035 the development of moderate income housing within the planning horizon, which may include 1036 a recommendation to implement three or more of the following strategies: 1037 (A) rezone for densities necessary to assure the production of moderate income 1038 housing; 1039 (B) facilitate the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that will encourage the 1040 construction of moderate income housing; 1041 (C) facilitate the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate 1042 income housing; 1043 (D) consider county general fund subsidies or other sources of revenue to waive 1044 construction related fees that are otherwise generally imposed by the county; 1045 (E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, accessory dwelling units in 1046 residential zones; 1047 (F) allow for higher density or moderate income residential development in 1048 commercial and mixed-use zones, commercial centers, or employment centers; 1049 (G) encourage higher density or moderate income residential development near major 1050 transit investment corridors;

1051	(H) eliminate or reduce parking requirements for residential development where a
1052	resident is less likely to rely on the resident's own vehicle, such as residential development near
1053	major transit investment corridors or senior living facilities;
1054	(I) allow for single room occupancy developments;
1055	(J) implement zoning incentives for low to moderate income units in new
1056	developments;
1057	(K) utilize strategies that preserve subsidized low to moderate income units on a
1058	long-term basis;
1059	(L) preserve existing moderate income housing;
1060	(M) reduce impact fees, as defined in Section 11-36a-102, related to low and moderate
1061	income housing;
1062	(N) participate in a community land trust program for low or moderate income
1063	housing;
1064	(O) implement a mortgage assistance program for employees of the county or of an
1065	employer that provides contracted services for the county;
1066	(P) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for state or federal funds or tax
1067	incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing;
1068	(Q) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for programs offered by the Utah
1069	Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity;
1070	(R) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for affordable housing programs
1071	administered by the Department of Workforce Services;
1072	(S) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for services provided by a public
1073	housing authority to preserve and create moderate income housing;
1074	(T) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for programs administered by a
1075	metropolitan planning organization or other transportation agency that provides technical
1076	planning assistance;
1077	(U) utilize a moderate income housing set aside from a community reinvestment
1078	agency, redevelopment agency, or community development and renewal agency; and
1079	[(V) reduce residential building design elements as defined in Section 10-9a-403; and]
1080	[(W)] (V) consider any other program or strategy implemented by the county to address
1081	the housing needs of residents of the county who earn less than 80% of the area median

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1082	income.
1083	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
1084	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the unincorporated area
1085	of the county or mountainous planning district; and
1086	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is
1087	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture.
1088	(d) In drafting the transportation and traffic circulation element, the planning
1089	commission shall:
1090	(i) consider the regional transportation plan developed by its region's metropolitan
1091	planning organization, if the relevant areas of the county are within the boundaries of a
1092	metropolitan planning organization; or
1093	(ii) consider the long-range transportation plan developed by the Department of
1094	Transportation, if the relevant areas of the county are not within the boundaries of a
1095	metropolitan planning organization.
1096	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
1097	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
1098	(i) to the extent not covered by the county's resource management plan, the protection,
1099	conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including the quality of air, forests,
1100	soils, rivers and other waters, harbors, fisheries, wildlife, minerals, and other natural resources;
1101	and
1102	(ii) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution of
1103	streams and other waters, regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
1104	environmentally sensitive areas, the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils,
1105	protection of watersheds and wetlands, and the mapping of known geologic hazards;
1106	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
1107	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
1108	police and fire protection, and other public services;
1109	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
1110	programs for:
1111	(i) historic preservation;
1112	(ii) the diminution or elimination of a development impediment as defined in Section

1113	17C-1-102; and
1114	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
1115	public building sites;
1116	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
1117	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected county
1118	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
1119	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
1120	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
1121	the use of land use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community development and
1122	promotion, and any other appropriate action;
1123	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 17-27a-401(2) or
1124	(3)(a)(i); and
1125	(g) any other element the county considers appropriate.
1126	Section 11. Section 17-27a-527 is enacted to read:
1127	<u>17-27a-527.</u> Regulation of building design elements prohibited Exceptions.
1128	(1) As used in this section, "building design element" means the same as that term is
1129	defined in Section 10-9a-530.
1130	(2) A county legislative body may not adopt or enforce an ordinance regulating a
1131	building design element.
1132	(3) This section does not apply to:
1133	(a) an ordinance regulating a structure located within an area designated as a historic
1134	district on the National Register of Historic Places; or
1135	(b) an ordinance enacted as a condition for participation in the National Flood
1136	Insurance Program administered by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
1137	Section 12. Section <b>17-36-55</b> is amended to read:
1138	17-36-55. Fees collected for construction approval Approval of plans.
1139	(1) As used in this section:
1140	(a) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
1141	
1141	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division
1141	(b) "Licensed building inspector" means an individual who is licensed by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Chapter 56, Building Inspector and

1143 <u>Factory Built Housing Licensing Act.</u>

1144	[(b)] (c) "Lodging establishment" means a place providing temporary sleeping
1145	accommodations to the public, including any of the following:
1146	(i) a bed and breakfast establishment;
1147	(ii) a boarding house;
1148	(iii) a dormitory;
1149	(iv) a hotel;
1150	(v) an inn;
1151	(vi) a lodging house;
1152	(vii) a motel;
1153	(viii) a resort; or
1154	(ix) a rooming house.
1155	$\left[\frac{(c)}{(c)}\right]$ "Planning review" means a review to verify that a county has approved the
1156	following elements of a construction project:
1157	(i) zoning;
1158	(ii) lot sizes;
1159	(iii) setbacks;
1160	(iv) easements;
1161	(v) curb and gutter elevations;
1162	(vi) grades and slopes;
1163	(vii) utilities;
1164	(viii) street names;
1165	(ix) defensible space provisions and elevations, if required by the Utah Wildland Urban
1166	Interface Code adopted under Section 15A-2-103; and
1167	(x) subdivision.
1168	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(e)}\right]$ (i) "Plan review" means all of the reviews and approvals of a plan that a
1169	county requires to obtain a building permit from the county with a scope that may not exceed a
1170	review to verify:
1171	(A) that the construction project complies with the provisions of the State Construction
1172	Code under Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act;
1173	(B) that the construction project complies with the energy code adopted under Section
1174	15A-2-103;

1175	(C) that the construction project received a planning review;
1176	(D) that the applicant paid any required fees;
1177	(E) that the applicant obtained final approvals from any other required reviewing
1178	agencies;
1179	(F) that the construction project complies with federal, state, and local storm water
1180	protection laws;
1181	(G) that the construction project received a structural review;
1182	(H) the total square footage for each building level of finished, garage, and unfinished
1183	space; and
1184	(I) that the plans include a printed statement indicating that the actual construction will
1185	comply with applicable local ordinances and the state construction codes.
1186	(ii) "Plan review" does not mean a review of a document:
1187	(A) required to be re-submitted for additional modifications or substantive changes
1188	identified by the plan review;
1189	(B) submitted as part of a deferred submittal when requested by the applicant and
1190	approved by the building official; or
1191	(C) that, due to the document's technical nature or on the request of the applicant, is
1192	reviewed by a third party.
1193	[(e)] (f) "State Construction Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1194	15A-1-102.
1195	[(f)] (g) "State Fire Code" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1196	15A-1-102.
1197	[(g)] (h) "Structural review" means:
1198	(i) a review that verifies that a construction project complies with the following:
1199	(A) footing size and bar placement;
1200	(B) foundation thickness and bar placement;
1201	(C) beam and header sizes;
1202	(D) nailing patterns;
1203	(E) bearing points;
1204	(F) structural member size and span; and
1205	(G) sheathing; or

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1206	(ii) if the review exceeds the scope of the review described in Subsection (1)[(g)](h)(i),
1207	a review that a licensed engineer conducts.
1208	[(h)] (i) "Technical nature" means a characteristic that places an item outside the
1209	training and expertise of an individual who regularly performs plan reviews.
1210	(2) (a) If a county collects a fee for the inspection of a construction project, the county
1211	shall ensure that the construction project receives a prompt inspection.
1212	(b) If a county cannot provide a building inspection within three business days after the
1213	day on which the county receives the request for the inspection, the county shall promptly
1214	engage an independent inspector with fees collected from the applicant.
1215	(c) If an inspector identifies one or more violations of the State Construction Code or
1216	State Fire Code during an inspection, the inspector shall give the permit holder written
1217	notification that:
1218	(i) identifies each violation;
1219	(ii) upon request by the permit holder, includes a reference to each applicable provision
1220	of the State Construction Code or State Fire Code; and
1221	(iii) is delivered:
1222	(A) in hardcopy or by electronic means; and
1223	(B) the day on which the inspection occurs.
1224	(3) (a) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a one to two
1225	family dwelling or townhome by no later than 14 business days after the day on which the plan
1226	is submitted to the county.
1227	(b) A county shall complete a plan review of a construction project for a residential
1228	structure built under the International Building Code, not including a lodging establishment, by
1229	no later than 21 business days after the day on which the plan is submitted to the county.
1230	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(c)(ii), if a county does not complete a plan review
1231	before the time period described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) expires, an applicant may request
1232	that the county complete the plan review.
1233	(ii) If an applicant makes a request under Subsection (3)(c)(i), the county shall perform
1234	the plan review no later than:
1235	(A) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(a), 14 days from the day on which the
1236	applicant makes the request; or

1237       applicant makes the request.         1238       applicant makes the request.         1239       (d) An applicant may:         1240       (i) waive the plan review time requirements described in this Subsection (3); or         1241       (ii) with the county's consent, establish an alternative plan review time requirement.         1242       (4) (a) A county may not enforce a requirement to have a plan review iff:         1243       (i) ( <u>A</u> ) the county does not complete the plan review within the time period described         1244       in Subsection (3)(a) or (b); and         1245       [fifi] ( <u>B</u> ) a licensed architect or structural engineer, or both when required by law,         stamps the plan[:]; or       (ii) the applicant opts out of the plan review requirement in accordance with         Subsection (7).       (ii) building code violations found in the plan.         1250       (i) intems with which the county is concerned and may enforce during construction; and         1251       (ii) building code violations found in the plan.         1252       (c) A county may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the county requests minor         1253       (c) A county may not require an applicant to redraft a plan if the county requests minor         1254       (5) An applicant shall ensure that each construction project plan submitted for a plan         1255       review under this section has a statement i	1237	(B) for a plan review described in Subsection (3)(b), 21 days from the day on which the
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	1265	(A) completes all required inspections of the construction project on the applicant's
1267 (B) notifies the county in writing after the licensed building inspector completes the	1266	behalf; and
	1267	(B) notifies the county in writing after the licensed building inspector completes the

1268	final inspection of the construction project.
1269	(b) A licensed building inspector who inspects a construction project on an applicant's
1270	behalf under Subsection (6)(a) shall issue the applicant a certificate of occupancy after
1271	providing the notification described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B).
1272	(7) (a) An applicant may opt out of a plan review requirement under this section if the
1273	applicant:
1274	(i) engages a licensed building inspector to review the plan on the applicant's behalf;
1275	and
1276	(ii) at the time the applicant opts out of the plan review, notifies the county in writing
1277	of the name and address of the licensed building inspector described in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
1278	(b) (i) If an applicant opts out of a plan review requirement under Subsection (7)(a), the
1279	county may require a zoning review to verify that the construction project complies with
1280	applicable zoning ordinances.
1281	(ii) A county that requires a zoning review under Subsection (7)(b)(i):
1282	(A) shall complete the zoning review no later than two business days after the day on
1283	which the applicant opts out of the plan review; and
1284	(B) may charge the applicant a zoning review fee not to exceed \$200.
1285	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), a county may not charge an applicant a
1286	fee for a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B), that exceeds
1287	one-half of the regular fee amount that the county charges for a building permit, if the applicant
1288	opts out of either:
1289	(i) an inspection requirement under Subsection (6); or
1290	(ii) a plan review requirement under Subsection (7).
1291	(b) If an applicant opts out of both an inspection requirement under Subsection (6) and
1292	a plan review requirement under Subsection (7), the county may not charge the applicant a fee
1293	for a building permit, other than the fee described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B).
1294	Section 13. Section <b>38-1a-102</b> is amended to read:
1295	38-1a-102. Definitions.
1296	As used in this chapter:
1297	(1) "Alternate means" means a method of filing a legible and complete notice or other
1298	document with the registry other than electronically, as established by the division by rule.

1299 (2) "Anticipated improvement" means the improvement: (a) for which preconstruction service is performed; and 1300 1301 (b) that is anticipated to follow the performing of preconstruction service. 1302 (3) "Applicable county recorder" means the office of the recorder of each county in 1303 which any part of the property on which a claimant claims or intends to claim a preconstruction 1304 or construction lien is located. 1305 (4) "Bona fide loan" means a loan to an owner or owner-builder by a lender in which the owner or owner-builder has no financial or beneficial interest greater than 5% of the voting 1306 1307 shares or other ownership interest. 1308 (5) "Claimant" means a person entitled to claim a preconstruction or construction lien. 1309 (6) "Compensation" means the payment of money for a service rendered or an expense 1310 incurred, whether based on: 1311 (a) time and expense, lump sum, stipulated sum, percentage of cost, cost plus fixed or 1312 percentage fee, or commission; or (b) a combination of the bases listed in Subsection (6)(a). 1313 1314 (7) "Construction lender" means a person who makes a construction loan. 1315 (8) "Construction lien" means a lien under this chapter for construction work. 1316 (9) "Construction loan" does not include a consumer loan secured by the equity in the 1317 consumer's home. 1318 (10) "Construction project" means an improvement that is constructed pursuant to an 1319 original contract. 1320 (11) "Construction work": (a) means labor, service, material, or equipment provided for the purpose and during 1321 1322 the process of constructing, altering, or repairing an improvement; and 1323 (b) includes scheduling, estimating, staking, supervising, managing, materials testing, 1324 inspection, observation, and quality control or assurance involved in constructing, altering, or 1325 repairing an improvement. 1326 (12) "Contestable notice" means a notice of preconstruction service under Section 1327 38-1a-401, a preliminary notice under Section 38-1a-501, or a notice of completion under 1328 Section 38-1a-506. 1329 (13) "Contesting person" means an owner, original contractor, subcontractor, or other

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1330 interested person. 1331 (14) "Designated agent" means the third party the division contracts with as provided 1332 in Section 38-1a-202 to create and maintain the registry. 1333 (15) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing created 1334 in Section 58-1-103. 1335 (16) "Entry number" means the reference number that: (a) the designated agent assigns to each notice or other document filed with the 1336 1337 registry; and 1338 (b) is unique for each notice or other document. 1339 (17) "Final completion" means: 1340 (a) the date of issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy by the local 1341 government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project or building inspector that 1342 has the authority to issue a certificate of occupancy for the construction project under Section 1343 10-5-132, 10-6-160, or 17-36-55, if a permanent certificate of occupancy is required; 1344 (b) the date of the final inspection of the construction work by the local government 1345 entity having jurisdiction over the construction project or building inspector described in 1346 Subsection (17)(a), if an inspection is required under a state-adopted building code applicable 1347 to the construction work, but no certificate of occupancy is required: 1348 (c) unless the owner is holding payment to ensure completion of construction work, the 1349 date on which there remains no substantial work to be completed to finish the construction 1350 work under the original contract, if a certificate of occupancy is not required and a final 1351 inspection is not required under an applicable state-adopted building code; or 1352 (d) the last date on which substantial work was performed under the original contract, 1353 if, because the original contract is terminated before completion of the construction work 1354 defined by the original contract, the local government entity having jurisdiction over the 1355 construction project or building inspector described in Subsection (17)(a) does not issue a 1356 certificate of occupancy or perform a final inspection. 1357 (18) "Final lien waiver" means a form that complies with Subsection 38-1a-802(4)(c). 1358 (19) "First preliminary notice filing" means a preliminary notice that: 1359 (a) is the earliest preliminary notice filed on the construction project for which the preliminary notice is filed: 1360

1361	(b) is filed on a construction project that, at the time the preliminary notice is filed, has
1362	not reached final completion; and
1363	(c) is not cancelled under Section 38-1a-307.
1364	(20) "Government project-identifying information" has the same meaning as defined in
1365	Section 38-1b-102.
1366	(21) "Improvement" means:
1367	(a) a building, infrastructure, utility, or other human-made structure or object
1368	constructed on or for and affixed to real property; or
1369	(b) a repair, modification, or alteration of a building, infrastructure, utility, or object
1370	referred to in Subsection (21)(a).
1371	(22) "Interested person" means a person that may be affected by a construction project.
1372	(23) "Notice of commencement" means a notice required under Section 38-1b-201 for
1373	a government project, as defined in Section 38-1b-102.
1374	(24) "Original contract":
1375	(a) means a contract between an owner and an original contractor for preconstruction
1376	service or construction work; and
1377	(b) does not include a contract between an owner-builder and another person.
1378	(25) "Original contractor" means a person, including an owner-builder, that contracts
1379	with an owner to provide preconstruction service or construction work.
1380	(26) "Owner" means the person that owns the project property.
1381	(27) "Owner-builder" means an owner, including an owner who is also an original
1382	contractor, who:
1383	(a) contracts with one or more other persons for preconstruction service or construction
1384	work for an improvement on the owner's real property; and
1385	(b) obtains a building permit for the improvement.
1386	(28) "Preconstruction lien" means a lien under this chapter for a preconstruction
1387	service.
1388	(29) "Preconstruction service":
1389	(a) means to plan or design, or to assist in the planning or design of, an improvement or
1390	a proposed improvement:
1391	(i) before construction of the improvement commences; and

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1392	(ii) for compensation separate from any compensation paid or to be paid for
1393	construction work for the improvement; and
1394	(b) includes consulting, conducting a site investigation or assessment, programming,
1395	preconstruction cost or quantity estimating, preconstruction scheduling, performing a
1396	preconstruction construction feasibility review, procuring construction services, and preparing
1397	a study, report, rendering, model, boundary or topographic survey, plat, map, design, plan,
1398	drawing, specification, or contract document.
1399	(30) "Private project" means a construction project that is not a government project.
1400	(31) "Project property" means the real property on or for which preconstruction service
1401	or construction work is or will be provided.
1402	(32) "Registry" means the State Construction Registry under Part 2, State Construction
1403	Registry.
1404	(33) "Required notice" means:
1405	(a) a notice of preconstruction service under Section 38-1a-401;
1406	(b) a preliminary notice under Section 38-1a-501 or Section 38-1b-202;
1407	(c) a notice of commencement;
1408	(d) a notice of construction loan under Section 38-1a-601;
1409	(e) a notice under Section <u>38-1a-602</u> concerning a construction loan default;
1410	(f) a notice of intent to obtain final completion under Section 38-1a-506; or
1411	(g) a notice of completion under Section 38-1a-507.
1412	(34) "Subcontractor" means a person that contracts to provide preconstruction service
1413	or construction work to:
1414	(a) a person other than the owner; or
1415	(b) the owner, if the owner is an owner-builder.
1416	(35) "Substantial work" does not include repair work or warranty work.
1417	(36) "Supervisory subcontractor" means a person that:
1418	(a) is a subcontractor under contract to provide preconstruction service or construction
1419	work; and
1420	(b) contracts with one or more other subcontractors for the other subcontractor or
1421	subcontractors to provide preconstruction service or construction work that the person is under
1422	contract to provide.

1423	Section 14. Section <b>78B-2-225</b> is amended to read:
1424	78B-2-225. Actions related to improvements in real property.
1425	(1) As used in this section:
1426	(a) "Abandonment" means that there has been no design or construction activity on an
1427	improvement for a continuous period of at least one year.
1428	(b) "Action" means any claim for judicial, arbitral, or administrative relief for acts,
1429	errors, omissions, or breach of duty arising out of or related to the design, construction, or
1430	installation of an improvement, regardless of whether that action is based in tort, contract,
1431	warranty, strict liability, product liability, indemnity, contribution, or other source of law.
1432	(c) "Completion" means the date of substantial completion of an improvement to real
1433	property as established by the earliest of:
1434	(i) a [Certificate of Substantial Completion] certificate of substantial completion;
1435	(ii) a [Certificate of Occupancy] certificate of occupancy issued by a governing agency
1436	or building inspector that has the authority to issue the certificate of occupancy under Section
1437	<u>10-5-132, 10-6-160, or 17-36-55;</u> or
1438	(iii) the date of first use or possession of the improvement.
1439	(d) "Improvement" means any building, structure, infrastructure, road, utility, or other
1440	similar man-made change, addition, modification, or alteration to real property.
1441	(e) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
1442	joint venture, association, proprietorship, or any other legal or governmental entity.
1443	(f) "Provider" means any person:
1444	(i) contributing to, providing, or performing:
1445	(A) studies, plans, specifications, drawings, designs, value engineering, cost or quantity
1446	estimates, surveys, staking, construction, installation, or labor to an improvement; or
1447	(B) the review, observation, administration, management, supervision, inspections, and
1448	tests of construction for or in relation to an improvement; or
1449	(ii) providing or contributing materials, products, or equipment that is incorporated
1450	into an improvement.
1451	(2) The Legislature finds that:
1452	(a) exposing a provider to suits and liability for acts, errors, omissions, or breach of
1453	duty after the possibility of injury or damage has become highly remote and unexpectedly

1454 creates costs and hardships to the provider and the citizens of the state;

- (b) these costs and hardships include liability insurance costs, records storage costs,
  undue and unlimited liability risks during the life of both a provider and an improvement, and
  difficulties in defending against claims many years after completion of an improvement;
- 1458 (c) these costs and hardships constitute clear social and economic evils;
- (d) the possibility of injury and damage becomes highly remote and unexpected sevenyears following completion or abandonment; and
- (e) except as provided in Subsection (7), it is in the best interests of the citizens of the
  state to impose the periods of limitation and repose provided in this chapter upon all causes of
  action by or against a provider arising out of or related to the design, construction, or
  installation of an improvement.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b) and (c), an action by or against a
  provider based in contract or warranty shall be commenced within six years after the date of
  completion or abandonment of an improvement.
- (b) If a provider is required by an express term of a contract or warranty to perform an
  obligation later than the six-year period described in Subsection (3)(a), and the provider fails to
  perform the obligation as required, an action for that breach of the contract or warranty shall be
  commenced within two years after the day on which the breach is discovered or should have
  been discovered.
- (c) If a contract or warranty expressly establishes a different period of limitations thanthis section, the action shall be commenced within that limitations period.
- (4) (a) All other actions by or against a provider shall be commenced within two years
  from the earlier of the date of discovery of a cause of action or the date upon which a cause of
  action should have been discovered through reasonable diligence.
- (b) If the cause of action is discovered or discoverable before completion or
  abandonment of an improvement, the two-year period begins to run upon completion or
  abandonment.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), and except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), an
  action under this Subsection (4) may not be commenced against a provider more than nine
  years after completion or abandonment of an improvement.
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(d) If an action under Subsection (4)(a) is discovered or discoverable in the eighth or

1485 ninth year of the nine-year period, a claimant shall have two years from the date of discovery to1486 commence an action.

1487 (5) Subsection (4) does not apply to an action against a provider:

(a) who has fraudulently concealed the provider's act, error, omission, or breach of
duty, or the injury, damage, or other loss caused by the provider's act, error, omission, or breach
of duty; or

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(b) for a willful or intentional act, error, omission, or breach of duty.

(6) If an individual otherwise entitled to bring an action did not commence the action
within the periods prescribed by Subsections (3) and (4) solely because that individual was a
minor or mentally incompetent and without a legal guardian, that individual shall have two
years from the date the disability is removed to commence the action.

(7) This section shall not apply to an action for the death of or bodily injury to anindividual while engaged in the design, installation, or construction of an improvement.

(8) This section does not apply to any action against any person in actual possession or
control of the improvement as owner, tenant, or otherwise, at the time any defective or unsafe
condition of the improvement proximately causes the injury for which the action is brought.

(9) This section does not extend the period of limitation or repose otherwise prescribedby law or a valid and enforceable contract.

- 1503 (10) This section does not create or modify any claim or cause of action.
- 1504 (11) This section applies to all causes of action that accrue after May 3, 2003,
- notwithstanding that the improvement was completed or abandoned before May 3, 2004.