WEBER RIVER WATERSHED COUNCIL MEETING

November 3, 2025 WEBER BASIN WATER

Attendees: Jeff Young, Richard Salas, Carly Payne, Carla Trentleman, John Crofts, Darren Hess, Rick Smith, Nicolas King, Jonathan Jennings

Remote Attendees: Aspen Johnston, Brad Perry, Clint Brunson, Parker Wayment, Ryan Broadbent, Emily Bishop

CONDUCT BUSINESS-

- Not enough for voting council
 - o Only 4 voting members

UPDATE OF COUNCIL DOCUMENTS, Carly Payne

- To reflect current state required template
- Definition of Council
- Minor changes in wording
- *Agenda item for next meeting

STATE WATERSHED COUNCIL, Rick Smith

- Forest service presentation
 - o Include recreation in council
 - Can invite forest service to present at council meeting
 - Include local representation (counties)
 - Issues to take back to the state

FUTURE MEETING

 Carly will present information on what other council meetings look like and what is discussed

GREAT SALT LAKE ADVISORY COUNCIL, John Crofts- Davis County Commissioner

- Great Salt Lake reaching dangerously low levels
 - Not just local level issue, regional issue
 - Fragile eco-system in Utah
 - Migratory bird refuge
- GSLAC created to bring a group together to:
 - o Protect sustain, restore Great Salt Lake
 - Brings together different groups who have an interest in preserving The Great Salt Lake & conservation
- South arm of GSL- down one foot from last year
- Great Salt Lake needs constant attention
- Different groups involved- bring together everybody
 - Elected officials from:
 - Davis
 - Weber
 - Salt Lake

- Box Elder
- Government groups
- Disaster management
 - o Every disaster and solution is local
 - Regional issue, everyone to do their part
- Do more outreach to our communities to help protect the lake
- Inflow dynamics
 - o Evaporation
 - Bear River contributions
 - Breach flow
- Make sure additional inflows reach the Great Salt Lake
- 4,196 feet by the time the Olympics are in Salt Lake
 - o Increase lake by 7 feet
 - Long term benefits if we work towards to the goal
- Funding to align with priorities
 - Grant funding
 - Working with other entities
 - County to district partnerships
- Encourage Transparency
 - Improved reporting
 - Data sharing
 - Inflows
 - Diversions
 - o Precipitation impacts
 - Monitoring & capacities

WINGS OVER WEBER, Richard Salas

- History of Snow Water Equivalent Measurement (SWE)
 - Key component of water for consumption
 - Not all water is created equal
 - Utah sees approximately 95% of its water from snowpack
- Airborne Snow Observatories
 - Need for better snow pack measurements
 - o NASA originated in 2010, program concluded in 2019
 - Transferred to commercial space & began operations in 2019
 - ASO flights gather readings
 - Snow-free flight, flight & data acquisition
 - o Fly over watershed, scanning
 - Snow product generation
 - Process & imaging retrievals
 - Snowpack & runoff modeling
 - o Collected data models results forecast snowmelt runoff
 - Provides data to over 30 entities
- Wings Over Weber ASO Project
 - o Objectives-
 - Obtain real time & basin wide picture of seasonal snowpack
 - Improve runoff forecasting

- Inform operational decisions
- Project Areas
 - o Headwater-Echo Reservoir- East Canyon- Park City
 - Majority of snowpack area
- Project Timeline
 - o Began May 2024-Spring 2026
 - Moved 3rd flight to Spring 2027 (due to funding)
 - Final report fall 2027
 - Learn from implementation of the program
 - Forecast projections will be compared against stream gages to verify accuracy
- WY2025 Preliminary Results
 - Difference of -1cm (March reading)
 - Difference of 1cm (April reading)
- Flakes, Flights, & Forecast (CRAU)
 - First ASO project in Utah
 - o Spearheaded by the Colorado Rive Authority of Utah
 - Partnerships between CRAU, Central Water Conservancy District of WRe, & Bureau of Reclamation
 - o Project timeline 2024-2026
 - Areas encompassed
 - Part of the Uintah Basin & Uintah Mountains headwaters
 - During flights, try to capture entire project area

CLOUDSEEDING, Jonathan Jennings

- Cloud Seeding
 - Provide nuclei into a precipitating cloud to promote cloud droplet growth & ice nucleation
 - o Rain enhancement or precipitation management
- Why cloud seed in Mountain West
 - Affordable new water production
 - o Boom or bust SWE cycle
- Project Areas
 - o Bear River Cloudseeding (Utah & Idaho based)
 - Drone based cloud seeding
 - Fly up to 15,000 feet
- Glaciogenic Seeding
 - Ice Nucleation
 - Water droplets too small to freeze, too small to collide & coalesce
 - Hygroscopic Seeing
- Hygroscopic Seeding
 - Maximizes warm rain process
 - o Larger droplets, better collision & coalescence
- Materials
 - Silver lodide
 - Resembles an ice crystal
 - Liquid propane

- Burst of evaporative cooling
- Must occur in cloud
- Calcium Chloride
 - 65% deliquescence relative humidity
 - No used in Utah
- Methodology
 - o Ground-Based Generators
 - Used remotely
 - Rely on orographic lift to transport material
 - Seedability
 - Favorable liquid water content & surface winds
 - No blocking flow
 - Instability
 - o Aircraft (for winter snowpack)
 - Fly in cloud, release material at needed temperatures
 - Icy conditions
 - Seedability
 - No icing conditions
 - Target in cloud or above
- Funding more drone programs
 - During testing didn't lose any drones
 - o 6.5' wingspan able to cover large area
 - o Will ice-up, but has secondary battery that heats on wings & sheds ice
- Operations
 - Forecasting- window of operations
 - Nowcasting- wind directions & speed, instrumentation
 - o During Operations- look for changes in conditions & report on operation
- Evaluation of Operations
 - Biggest challenge in the field
 - Winter Programs
- Challenges with Winter Program
 - Snow redistribution
 - Not all increases are the same
 - With late snowpack, If we can delay runoff by one or two weeks will increase runoff
- How to overcome challenges
 - Large research program & model capabilities to evaluate programs
 - Better instrumentation
 - Radars
 - Radiometers
 - Cellometers
- Snowscape
 - Many partners
 - Field Campaign
 - Precipitation
 - Radiometers
 - Two x-band mobile radars
 - Aerosol measurements

- Snowpack Hydrology
- CL-31 & CL-61 Ceilometers
- Outcome & Impacts
 - o Improve science in cloud seeding evaluations
 - o More accurate ROI & determine best budgeting practices
 - Research to operations
 - Strong collaborations
 - Improve western states confidence in funding cloud seeding as a water resource management & climate adaption tool
- Environmental Study
 - o Baseline measurements
 - Sample Utah snowpack, stream water, lake water, & lakebed sediment
 - Looking for silver concentrations
 - Determine where to look for the silver concentrates
- Environmental Considerations
 - Silver & iodide have strong electronegativity
 - Doesn't dissolve in water
 - Studies have shown no impacts in Agl in the environment
 - No silver found in Utah
 - Utah will undergo an extensive environmental impact review during the winter & spring of 2026
- Long term water resource management tools
 - Cloud seeding has been ongoing for decades
 - Should be considered long-term water management strategy
 - Safe, effective & heavily researched
 - o Cloudseeding is happening all across the globe

NEXT MEETING

- January 26, 2026, 1:00pm Weber Basin Water
 - We must have a quorum to take council actions including adopting revised documents, approving at least one new member, and voting on council officers. If anyone can't make it work, please send a proxy in your place.
- Reseat & appointment new council members (not enough in quorum to appoint)
- Elections- Postpone until next meeting
- Approve council documents
- Carly- report on what other councils are doing