

THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH
ORDINANCE NO. 25-37

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE 2009 WEST JORDAN CITY CODE;
AMENDING SECTIONS 13-2-3, 13-5B-7, AND 13-8-14
(PARKING OF VEHICLES IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES)

WHEREAS, the City of West Jordan (“**City**”) adopted West Jordan City Code (“**City Code**”) in 2009; and the City Council of the City (“**Council**” or “**City Council**”) desires to amend City Code Sections 13-2-3, 13-5B-7, and 13-8-14, regarding the parking of vehicles in residential zones (“**proposed City Code amendments**”); and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the City (“**Planning Commission**”) held a public hearing and provided a recommendation on August 5, 2025, regarding the proposed City Code amendments; and determined the following, pursuant to City Code Section 13-7D-6B:

1. The proposed City Code amendments conform to the General Plan and are consistent with the adopted goals, objectives and policies described therein;
2. The proposed City Code amendments are appropriate given the context of the request and there is sufficient justification for a modification to the land use titles;
3. The proposed City Code amendments will not create a conflict with any other section or part of the land use titles or the General Plan; and
4. The proposed City Code amendments do not relieve a particular hardship, nor do they confer any special privileges to a single property owner or cause, and they are only necessary to make a modification to the land use titles in light of corrections or changes in public policy; and

WHEREAS, the City Council held a public hearing on August 26, 2025, regarding the proposed City Code amendments, and finds it to be in the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the City to adopt the proposed City Code amendments.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Amendment of City Code Provisions. With regards to the City Code, Sections 13-2-3 (adding definitions, with no other amendments to the Section), 13-5B-7, and 13-8-14 are amended, as shown in Attachments A (legislative version) and B (clean version) to this Ordinance.

Section 2. Severability. If any provision of this Ordinance is declared to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder shall not be affected thereby.

Section 3. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon posting or publication as provided by law and upon (i) the Mayor signing the Ordinance, (ii) the City Council duly overriding the veto of the Mayor as provided by law, or (iii) the Mayor failing to sign or veto the Ordinance within fifteen (15) days after the City Council presents the Ordinance to the Mayor.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WEST JORDAN, UTAH, THIS 26TH DAY OF AUGUST 2025.

[See next page.]

CITY OF WEST JORDAN

By: SKW Shauna Kayleen Whitelock (Aug 28, 2025 16:46:30 MDT)
Kayleen Whitelock
Council Chair

ATTEST:

Cindy M. Quick 
Cindy M. Quick, MMC

Council Office Clerk

Voting by the City Council

	"YES"	"NO"
Chair Kayleen Whitelock	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Vice Chair Bob Bedore	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Pamela Bloom	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Kelvin Green	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Zach Jacob	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Chad Lamb	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Council Member Kent Shelton	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

PRESENTED TO THE MAYOR BY THE CITY COUNCIL ON AUGUST 28, 2025.

Mayor's Action: X Approve Veto

By: Dirk Burton
Mayor Dirk Burton

Aug 29, 2025

Date

ATTEST:

Tangee Sloan 
Tangee Sloan, MMC, UCC

City Recorder

STATEMENT OF APPROVAL/PASSAGE (check one)

X The Mayor approved and signed Ordinance No. 25-37.

 The Mayor vetoed Ordinance No. 25-37 on and the
City Council timely overrode the veto of the Mayor by a vote of to .

 Ordinance No. 25-37 became effective by operation of law without the
Mayor's approval or disapproval.

Tangee Sloan 
Tangee Sloan, MMC, UCC
City Recorder

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

I, Tangee Sloan, certify that I am the City Recorder of the City of West Jordan, Utah, and that a short summary of the foregoing ordinance was published on the Utah Public Notice Website on the 2nd day of September 2025. The fully executed copy of the ordinance is retained in the Office of the City Recorder pursuant to Utah Code Annotated, 10-3-711.



Tangee Sloan, MMC, UCC
City Recorder

[Attachments on the following pages.]

**Attachments A and B to
ORDINANCE NO. 25-37**

**AN ORDINANCE AMENDING THE 2009 WEST JORDAN CITY CODE;
AMENDING SECTIONS 13-2-3, 13-5B-7, AND 13-8-14
(PARKING OF VEHICLES IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES)**

Attachment A – Legislative Version

Attachment B - Clean Version

[See the following pages.]

Attachment A – Legislative Version

13-5B-7: GENERAL PROVISIONS:

A. Status Of Performance Overlay Zones: All performance overlay zones existing at the time of adoption hereof shall be nonconforming. A parcel of vacant land within a performance overlay zone may be developed in conformance with the provisions of the previously existing performance overlay zone requirements and platted as a Performance Subdivision (P-S) or Performance Development (P-D). (The Performance Subdivision and Performance Development Overlay Zones were established and defined in a predecessor ordinance known as title 10 (1982-2000).) A lot within a Performance Subdivision or Performance Development, meeting all requirements of the prior existing regulations related to performance overlay zones, shall not be denied a building permit solely for reasons of nonconformance with the requirements of this article.

B. Animal Limitations: The maintenance and keeping of animals and fowl on a lot in a rural residential zone, where such use is permitted, shall be limited to a total of twenty (20) animal points per ten thousand (10,000) square feet, as determined from the chart in this section. A minimum of twenty thousand (20,000) square feet is required for the keeping of animals or fowl. Legally created lots in rural residential zones that are between eighteen thousand (18,000) square feet and twenty thousand (20,000) square feet shall be deemed to meet the twenty thousand (20,000) square feet minimum and point qualifications. All animals located on a lot of land shall be contained upon said lot. The number of animals determined from the chart below for a particular property (except as expressly provided otherwise) does not include the offspring of any large or medium sized animal which offspring is less than twelve (12) months of age; and also does not include one litter, kindle or clutch of offspring of a small animal up to the twelve (12) months of age; provided that all offspring of a small animal mother born within the same twelve (12) month period as the excluded single litter, clutch or kindle shall be counted toward the limitation number in the chart below.

Type Of Animal	Number Of Points Per Animal
Large animals, such as horses and cows	17
Medium animals, such as sheep, goats and swine ¹	8
Small animals, such as chickens, ducks, geese, pigeons, rabbits, chinchillas	1

Note:

1. Notwithstanding the number of points per animal and the size of property, there shall be no more than two ~~2~~ swine per lot, including offspring. Breeding and/or birthing of swine is expressly prohibited.

C. Garage Required: Every single-family dwelling, two-family dwelling, manufactured home or modular home within the residential zones shall have a fully enclosed two car garage (attached or detached), having a minimum outside width of ~~twenty feet (20')~~ feet (as measured from outside of foundation to outside of foundation) and having at least ~~four hundred (400)~~ square feet in total floor area. A building permit shall not be issued for the construction of a single-family dwelling, two-family dwelling, manufactured home or modular home if the plans do not include the garage required by this subsection.

D. Watercraft, Trailers, Campers, Recreational Vehicles, and Motor Homes may be parked as described in section 13-8-14. ~~Location Of Watercraft, Trailers, Campers, Recreational Vehicles And Motor Homes: Watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles and motor homes stored on any residential lot or property, shall be subject to the following conditions:~~

1. Any portion of a parked or stored watercraft, trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or motor home, may be stored in the rear yard and/or side yard and may extend into the front yard but shall not be closer than three feet

41 (3') from the edge of the sidewalk nearest the home or structure, or in the case of no sidewalk, no closer than ten
42 feet (10') from the front property line. In no case shall any portion of a parked vehicle, watercraft, camper, trailer
43 or motor home extend onto a sidewalk or past the property line.

44 2. All vehicles, watercraft, motor homes, campers or trailers shall be maintained, complete, and must be able
45 to be operated for the purpose intended when parked.

46 3. Irrespective of where it is parked or stored on the property a motor home or travel trailer may be occupied
47 by a guest or guests of the resident for no more than twenty one (21) calendar days per year, provided the motor
48 home or travel trailer meets all setback requirements.

49 4. The parking areas where watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles and motor homes shall
50 encompass the entire width and length of the aforementioned vehicle and the parking surface shall be
51 constructed of asphalt, concrete, grasscrete, a minimum three-fourth inch ($\frac{3}{4}$ ") or larger gravel mix, pavers,
52 permeable asphalt or concrete, rock, stone, turf block, or any combination of the aforementioned materials.
53 Gravel, gravel mix, crushed rock and stone shall have a minimum depth of four inches (4").

54 E. Temporary Mobile Or Manufactured Homes: A conditional use permit may be issued for a temporary mobile
55 or manufactured home located on the rear portion of a residential lot during the construction of a permanent
56 dwelling for not longer than one year.

57 F. Lighting: On site lighting shall be located, directed or designed in such a manner as to contain and direct light
58 and glare only to the property on which it is located.

59 G. Landscaping: All uses in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing landscaping in
60 chapter 13 of this title.

61 H. Parking And Loading: All uses in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing off street
62 parking in chapter 12 of this title.

63 I. Signs: All signs in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing signs in this title and title 12
64 of this Code. (2001 Code § 89-3-307; amd. 2009 Code; Ord. 11-09, 4-6-2011; Ord. 11-35, 11-22-2011; Ord. 15-32,
65 11-4-2015; Ord. 18-35, 11-7-2018)

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67

68 **13-8-14: STORAGE OF COMMERCIAL PARKING OF VEHICLES, CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER**
69 **EQUIPMENT IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES:**

70 No trucks, motor vehicles or commercial trailers which exceed the rated capacity of one and one-half (1 1/2) tons
71 or having a gross vehicle weight exceeding twelve thousand (12,000) pounds shall be stored or parked on any lot
72 or parcel within any residential zone. No construction and/or earthmoving equipment shall be stored or parked
73 on any lot or parcel in a residential zone. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the tractor portion of a
74 semitruck may be parked or stored on a lot in a residential zone occupied by the driver, provided the vehicle is
75 parked or stored entirely within the boundaries of such lot and does not obstruct the public sidewalk. (2001 Code
76 §89-6-116; amd. 2009 Code)

77 A. Parking of Vehicles (classes 1 through 5) and Construction Equipment: Except as otherwise provided for in this
78 section, with regards to parking in residential zones, vehicles (classes 1 through 5) and construction
79 equipment, both as defined in section 13-2-3 and as detailed in Table B, are required to:

- 80 1. Be parked on a parking surface constructed of asphalt, concrete, grasscrete, a minimum three-fourth
81 inch or larger gravel mix, pavers, permeable asphalt or concrete, rock, stone, turf block, or any
82 combination of the aforementioned materials. Gravel, gravel mix, crushed rock and stone shall have a
83 minimum depth of at least four inches.

- 84 2. Be operable for the purpose for which they were originally manufactured or intended; and
85 3. Comply with the provisions governing drinking water source protection overlay zones in chapter 6,
86 article F of this title.

87 B. Parking of Vehicles (classes 6 through 13): Except as otherwise provided for in this section, with regards to
88 parking in residential zones, vehicles (classes 6 through 13), as defined in section 13-2-3 and as detailed in
89 Table B, are not allowed to be parked except:

- 90 1. The tractor portion of a semitruck may be parked on a lot in a residential zone occupied by the driver,
91 provided the vehicle is parked or entirely within the boundaries of such lot and does not obstruct the
92 public sidewalk; and
93 2. During periods of active construction and not to exceed six months.

94 C. Parking of Watercraft, Trailers, Campers, Recreational Vehicles, and Motor Homes: Except as otherwise
95 provided for in this section, with regards to parking in residential zones, watercraft, trailers, campers,
96 recreational vehicles, and motor homes are not allowed to be parked except:

- 97 1. Any portion of a parked watercraft, trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or motor home, may be
98 parked in the rear yard and/or side yard and may extend into the front yard but shall not be closer
99 than three feet from the edge of the sidewalk nearest the home or structure, or in the case of no
100 sidewalk, no closer than 10 feet from the front property line. In no case shall any portion of a parked
101 vehicle, watercraft, camper, trailer or motor home extend onto a sidewalk or past the property line.
- 102 2. All watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles, or motor homes shall be maintained, complete,
103 and must be able to be operated for the purpose intended when parked.
- 104 3. Irrespective of where it is parked on the property, a travel trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or
105 motor home may be occupied by a guest or guests of the resident for no more than 21 calendar days
106 per year, provided it meets all setback requirements.
- 107 4. The parking areas where watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles, or motor homes shall
108 encompass the entire width and length of said watercraft, trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or
109 motor home and the parking surface shall be constructed of asphalt, concrete, grasscrete, a minimum
110 three-fourth inch or larger gravel mix, pavers, permeable asphalt or concrete, rock, stone, turf block,
111 or any combination of the aforementioned materials. Gravel, gravel mix, crushed rock and stone shall
112 have a minimum depth of at least four inches.

113
114 Table B.

115 P = Permitted N/A = Not Applicable

116

	<u>Front Yard</u>	<u>Rear Yard- Behind wall or opaque fence</u>	<u>Side yard - behind front façade of the home behind wall or opaque fence</u>	<u>Completely Enclosed in a garage or shed</u>	<u>Number limit¹</u>
<u>Class 1</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Class 2</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Class 3</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Class 4</u>		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Two</u>
<u>Class 5</u>		<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>Two</u>

<u>Class 5, Dualie Pickup Trucks with empty bed</u>	P ²	P	P	P	Two ²
<u>Truck Cab no Trailer</u>		P	P	P	Two
<u>Trailer less than 25' long</u>	P	P	P	P	N/A
<u>Trailer more than 25' long</u>		P		P	Two
<u>Motorhome (non-commercial)</u>		P	P	P	Two
<u>Small Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (0-2,500 lbs)</u>		P	P	P	Two
<u>Medium Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (2,501-8,000 lbs)</u>		P	P	P	Two
<u>Large Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (greater than 8,000 lbs)</u>				P	

117

118

¹ If completely enclosed in a garage or shed the number limit does not apply.

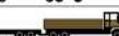
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² If two dualie pickup trucks are parked, only one may be parked in front yard.

120

121

13-2-3: DEFINITIONS:

Class 1 Motorcycles		Class 7 Four or more axle, single unit	
Class 2 Passenger cars	    	Class 8 Four or less axle, single trailer	    
Class 3 Four tire, single unit	  	Class 9 5-Axle tractor semitrailer	 
Class 4 Buses	  	Class 10 Six or more axle, single trailer	 
Class 5 Two axle, six tire, single unit	  	Class 11 Five or less axle, multi trailer	 
Class 6 Three axle, single unit	  	Class 12 Six axle, multi-trailer	  
		Class 13 Seven or more axle, multi-trailer	   

122

- 123 Class 1 vehicle: All two- or three-wheeled motorized vehicles. Typical vehicles in this class have saddle type seats
124 and are steered by handlebars rather than steering wheels. Typical class 1 vehicles include motorcycles, motor
125 scooters, mopeds, moto-powered bicycles, and three-wheel motorcycles.
- 126 Class 2 vehicle: All sedans, coupes, and station wagons manufactured primarily for the purpose of carrying
127 passengers.
- 128 Class 3 vehicle: All two-axle, four-tire, vehicles, other than passenger cars. Typical class 3 vehicles include pickups,
129 panels, vans, and other vehicles such as campers, ambulances, hearses, carryalls, and minibuses.
- 130 Class 4 vehicle: All vehicles manufactured as traditional passenger-carrying buses with two axles and six tires or
131 three or more axles. This category includes only traditional buses (including school buses) functioning as
132 passenger-carrying vehicles.
- 133 Class 5 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with two axles and dual rear wheels.
- 134 Class 6 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with three axles.
- 135 Class 7 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with four or more axles.
- 136 Class 8 vehicle: All vehicles with four or fewer axles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight
137 truck power unit.
- 138 Class 9 vehicle: All five-axle vehicles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.
- 139 Class 10 vehicle: All vehicles with six or more axles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight
140 truck power unit.
- 141 Class 11 vehicle: All vehicles with five or fewer axles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor or
142 straight truck power unit.
- 143 Class 12 vehicle: All six-axle vehicles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck
144 power unit.
- 145 Class 13 vehicle: All vehicles with seven or more axles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor
146 or straight truck power unit.
- 147 Parked or Parking: A vehicle or equipment being parked, stored, abandoned, placed, or otherwise located on real
148 property, for whatever reason or purpose, either temporarily or long-term, and either with or without permission.
- 149 Truck Cab no Trailer: a motor vehicle designed and equipped primarily for the purpose of transporting cargo, with
150 a driver's compartment and an engine, but without a trailer or any additional towing equipment connected.
- 151 Trailer (equal to or less than 25 feet long): Any non-motorized vehicle, designed and constructed to be towed by a
152 motor vehicle, that has a length equal to or less than 25 feet from its front to its rear extremity, excluding any
153 towing apparatus. This vehicle may be used for the transport of goods, materials, or other items and may include,
154 but is not limited to, utility trailers, cargo trailers, and flatbed trailers. For the purposes of this code, the length of
155 the trailer is measured from the foremost part of the trailer to the rearmost part, excluding any accessories or
156 hitching devices.
- 157 Trailer (more than 25 feet long): Any non-motorized vehicle, designed and constructed to be towed by a motor
158 vehicle, that exceeds 25 feet in length from its front to its rear extremity, excluding any towing apparatus. This
159 vehicle may be used for the transport of goods, materials, or other items and may include, but is not limited to,
160 utility trailers, cargo trailers, and flatbed trailers. For the purposes of this code, the length of the trailer is
161 measured from the foremost part of the trailer to the rearmost part, excluding any accessories or hitching
162 devices.
- 163 Motorhome (non-commercial): A self-propelled motor vehicle designed and equipped for recreational or
164 temporary living purposes, which is not used for commercial purposes or business activities. This vehicle typically

165 includes sleeping accommodations, cooking facilities, and bathroom amenities, and is intended for personal use,
166 leisure, or travel.

167 Small Earthmoving Equipment (0 to 2,500 lbs.): Construction or excavation machinery that is primarily designed
168 for the movement, leveling, or digging of earth, and has a total operating weight, including attachments, not
169 exceeding 2,500 pounds. This equipment is typically used for tasks such as digging, grading, trenching, or
170 landscaping, and includes, but is not limited to, compact skid steer loaders, mini excavators, and small backhoes.
171 For the purposes of this code, "operating weight" refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working
172 configuration, including all fuel and any additional attachments.

173 Medium Earthmoving Equipment (2,501 to 8,000 lbs.): Construction or excavation machinery primarily designed
174 for the movement, leveling, or digging of earth, with a total operating weight, including attachments, ranging
175 from 2,501 pounds to 8,000 pounds. This equipment is typically used for tasks such as excavation, grading,
176 trenching, or material handling and includes, but is not limited to, mid-sized skid steer loaders, compact track
177 loaders, and small to medium-sized excavators and backhoes. For the purposes of this code, "operating weight"
178 refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working configuration, including all fuel and any
179 additional attachments.

180 Large Earthmoving Equipment: Construction or excavation machinery primarily designed for the movement,
181 leveling, or digging of earth, with a total operating weight, including attachments, exceeding 8,000 pounds. This
182 equipment is typically used for heavy-duty tasks such as large-scale excavation, grading, trenching, or material
183 handling and includes, but is not limited to, full-sized excavators, bulldozers, loaders, and large backhoes. For the
184 purposes of this code, "operating weight" refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working
185 configuration, including all fuel and any additional attachments.

Attachment B – Clean Version

13-5B-7: GENERAL PROVISIONS:

A. Status Of Performance Overlay Zones: All performance overlay zones existing at the time of adoption hereof shall be nonconforming. A parcel of vacant land within a performance overlay zone may be developed in conformance with the provisions of the previously existing performance overlay zone requirements and platted as a Performance Subdivision (P-S) or Performance Development (P-D). (The Performance Subdivision and Performance Development Overlay Zones were established and defined in a predecessor ordinance known as title 10 (1982-2000).) A lot within a Performance Subdivision or Performance Development, meeting all requirements of the prior existing regulations related to performance overlay zones, shall not be denied a building permit solely for reasons of nonconformance with the requirements of this article.

B. Animal Limitations: The maintenance and keeping of animals and fowl on a lot in a rural residential zone, where such use is permitted, shall be limited to a total of twenty (20) animal points per ten thousand (10,000) square feet, as determined from the chart in this section. A minimum of twenty thousand (20,000) square feet is required for the keeping of animals or fowl. Legally created lots in rural residential zones that are between eighteen thousand (18,000) square feet and twenty thousand (20,000) square feet shall be deemed to meet the twenty thousand (20,000) square feet minimum and point qualifications. All animals located on a lot of land shall be contained upon said lot. The number of animals determined from the chart below for a particular property (except as expressly provided otherwise) does not include the offspring of any large or medium sized animal which offspring is less than twelve (12) months of age; and also does not include one litter, kindle or clutch of offspring of a small animal up to the twelve (12) months of age; provided that all offspring of a small animal mother born within the same twelve (12) month period as the excluded single litter, clutch or kindle shall be counted toward the limitation number in the chart below.

Type Of Animal	Number Of Points Per Animal
Large animals, such as horses and cows	17
Medium animals, such as sheep, goats and swine ¹	8
Small animals, such as chickens, ducks, geese, pigeons, rabbits, chinchillas	1

Note:

1. Notwithstanding the number of points per animal and the size of property, there shall be no more than two swine per lot, including offspring. Breeding and/or birthing of swine is expressly prohibited.

C. Garage Required: Every single-family dwelling, two-family dwelling, manufactured home or modular home within the residential zones shall have a fully enclosed two car garage (attached or detached), having a minimum outside width of 20' feet (as measured from outside of foundation to outside of foundation) and having at least 400 square feet in total floor area. A building permit shall not be issued for the construction of a single-family dwelling, two-family dwelling, manufactured home or modular home if the plans do not include the garage required by this subsection.

D. Watercraft, Trailers, Campers, Recreational Vehicles, and Motor Homes may be parked as described in section 13-8-14.

E. Temporary Mobile Or Manufactured Homes: A conditional use permit may be issued for a temporary mobile or manufactured home located on the rear portion of a residential lot during the construction of a permanent dwelling for not longer than one year.

F. Lighting: On site lighting shall be located, directed or designed in such a manner as to contain and direct light and glare only to the property on which it is located.

G. Landscaping: All uses in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing landscaping in chapter 13 of this title.

H. Parking And Loading: All uses in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing off street parking in chapter 12 of this title.

I. Signs: All signs in residential districts shall comply with the provisions governing signs in this title and title 12 of this Code. (2001 Code § 89-3-307; amd. 2009 Code; Ord. 11-09, 4-6-2011; Ord. 11-35, 11-22-2011; Ord. 15-32, 11-4-2015; Ord. 18-35, 11-7-2018)

13-8-14: PARKING OF VEHICLES, CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER EQUIPMENT IN RESIDENTIAL ZONES:

D. Parking of Vehicles (classes 1 through 5) and Construction Equipment: Except as otherwise provided for in this section, with regards to parking in residential zones, vehicles (classes 1 through 5) and construction equipment, both as defined in section 13-2-3 and as detailed in Table B, are required to:

1. Be parked on a parking surface constructed of asphalt, concrete, grasscrete, a minimum three-fourth inch or larger gravel mix, pavers, permeable asphalt or concrete, rock, stone, turf block, or any combination of the aforementioned materials. Gravel, gravel mix, crushed rock and stone shall have a minimum depth of at least four inches.
2. Be operable for the purpose for which they were originally manufactured or intended; and
3. Comply with the provisions governing drinking water source protection overlay zones in chapter 6, article F of this title.

E. Parking of Vehicles (classes 6 through 13): Except as otherwise provided for in this section, with regards to parking in residential zones, vehicles (classes 6 through 13), as defined in section 13-2-3 and as detailed in Table B, are not allowed to be parked except:

1. The tractor portion of a semitruck may be parked on a lot in a residential zone occupied by the driver, provided the vehicle is parked or entirely within the boundaries of such lot and does not obstruct the public sidewalk; and
2. During periods of active construction and not to exceed six months.

F. Parking of Watercraft, Trailers, Campers, Recreational Vehicles, and Motor Homes: Except as otherwise provided for in this section, with regards to parking in residential zones, watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles, and motor homes are not allowed to be parked except:

1. Any portion of a parked watercraft, trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or motor home, may be parked in the rear yard and/or side yard and may extend into the front yard but shall not be closer than three feet from the edge of the sidewalk nearest the home or structure, or in the case of no sidewalk, no closer than 10 feet from the front property line. In no case shall any portion of a parked vehicle, watercraft, camper, trailer or motor home extend onto a sidewalk or past the property line.
2. All watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles, or motor homes shall be maintained, complete, and must be able to be operated for the purpose intended when parked.
3. Irrespective of where it is parked on the property, a travel trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or motor home may be occupied by a guest or guests of the resident for no more than 21 calendar days per year, provided it meets all setback requirements.

4. The parking areas where watercraft, trailers, campers, recreational vehicles, or motor homes shall encompass the entire width and length of said watercraft, trailer, camper, recreational vehicle, or motor home and the parking surface shall be constructed of asphalt, concrete, grasscrete, a minimum three-fourth inch or larger gravel mix, pavers, permeable asphalt or concrete, rock, stone, turf block, or any combination of the aforementioned materials. Gravel, gravel mix, crushed rock and stone shall have a minimum depth of at least four inches.

Table B.

P = Permitted N/A = Not Applicable

	Front Yard	Rear Yard-Behind wall or opaque fence	Side yard - behind front façade of the home behind wall or opaque fence	Completely Enclosed in a garage or shed	Number limit ²
Class 1	P	P	P	P	N/A
Class 2	P	P	P	P	N/A
Class 3	P	P	P	P	N/A
Class 4		P	P	P	Two
Class 5		P	P	P	Two
Class 5, Dualie Pickup Trucks with empty bed	P ²	P	P	P	Two ²
Truck Cab no Trailer		P	P	P	Two
Trailer less than 25' long	P	P	P	P	N/A
Trailer more than 25' long		P		P	Two
Motorhome (non-commercial)		P	P	P	Two
Small Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (0-2,500 lbs)		P	P	P	Two
Medium Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (2,501-8,000 lbs)		P	P	P	Two
Large Earthmoving Equipment, forklifts (greater than 8,000 lbs)				P	

¹ If completely enclosed in a garage or shed the number limit does not apply.

² If two dualie pickup trucks are parked, only one may be parked in front yard.

13-2-3: DEFINITIONS:

Class 1 Motorcycles		Class 7 Four or more axle, single unit	  
Class 2 Passenger cars	   	Class 8 Four or less axle, single trailer	 
Class 3 Four tire, single unit	  	Class 9 5-Axle tractor semitrailer	 
Class 4 Buses	  	Class 10 Six or more axle, single trailer	 
Class 5 Two axle, six tire, single unit	  	Class 11 Five or less axle, multi-trailer	 
Class 6 Three axle, single unit	  	Class 12 Six axle, multi-trailer	 
		Class 13 Seven or more axle, multi-trailer	  

Class 1 vehicle: All two- or three-wheeled motorized vehicles. Typical vehicles in this class have saddle type seats and are steered by handlebars rather than steering wheels. Typical class 1 vehicles include motorcycles, motor scooters, mopeds, moto-powered bicycles, and three-wheel motorcycles.

Class 2 vehicle: All sedans, coupes, and station wagons manufactured primarily for the purpose of carrying passengers.

Class 3 vehicle: All two-axle, four-tire, vehicles, other than passenger cars. Typical class 3 vehicles include pickups, panels, vans, and other vehicles such as campers, ambulances, hearses, carryalls, and minibuses.

Class 4 vehicle: All vehicles manufactured as traditional passenger-carrying buses with two axles and six tires or three or more axles. This category includes only traditional buses (including school buses) functioning as passenger-carrying vehicles.

Class 5 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with two axles and dual rear wheels.

Class 6 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with three axles.

Class 7 vehicle: All vehicles on a single frame with four or more axles.

Class 8 vehicle: All vehicles with four or fewer axles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Class 9 vehicle: All five-axle vehicles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Class 10 vehicle: All vehicles with six or more axles consisting of two units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Class 11 vehicle: All vehicles with five or fewer axles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Class 12 vehicle: All six-axle vehicles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Class 13 vehicle: All vehicles with seven or more axles consisting of three or more units, one of which is a tractor or straight truck power unit.

Parked or Parking: A vehicle or equipment being parked, stored, abandoned, placed, or otherwise located on real property, for whatever reason or purpose, either temporarily or long-term, and either with or without permission.

Truck Cab no Trailer: a motor vehicle designed and equipped primarily for the purpose of transporting cargo, with a driver's compartment and an engine, but without a trailer or any additional towing equipment connected.

Trailer (equal to or less than 25 feet long): Any non-motorized vehicle, designed and constructed to be towed by a motor vehicle, that has a length equal to or less than 25 feet from its front to its rear extremity, excluding any towing apparatus. This vehicle may be used for the transport of goods, materials, or other items and may include, but is not limited to, utility trailers, cargo trailers, and flatbed trailers. For the purposes of this code, the length of the trailer is measured from the foremost part of the trailer to the rearmost part, excluding any accessories or hitching devices.

Trailer (more than 25 feet long): Any non-motorized vehicle, designed and constructed to be towed by a motor vehicle, that exceeds 25 feet in length from its front to its rear extremity, excluding any towing apparatus. This vehicle may be used for the transport of goods, materials, or other items and may include, but is not limited to, utility trailers, cargo trailers, and flatbed trailers. For the purposes of this code, the length of the trailer is measured from the foremost part of the trailer to the rearmost part, excluding any accessories or hitching devices.

Motorhome (non-commercial): A self-propelled motor vehicle designed and equipped for recreational or temporary living purposes, which is not used for commercial purposes or business activities. This vehicle typically includes sleeping accommodations, cooking facilities, and bathroom amenities, and is intended for personal use, leisure, or travel.

Small Earthmoving Equipment (0 to 2,500 lbs.): Construction or excavation machinery that is primarily designed for the movement, leveling, or digging of earth, and has a total operating weight, including attachments, not exceeding 2,500 pounds. This equipment is typically used for tasks such as digging, grading, trenching, or landscaping, and includes, but is not limited to, compact skid steer loaders, mini excavators, and small backhoes. For the purposes of this code, "operating weight" refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working configuration, including all fuel and any additional attachments.

Medium Earthmoving Equipment (2,501 to 8,000 lbs.): Construction or excavation machinery primarily designed for the movement, leveling, or digging of earth, with a total operating weight, including attachments, ranging from 2,501 pounds to 8,000 pounds. This equipment is typically used for tasks such as excavation, grading, trenching, or material handling and includes, but is not limited to, mid-sized skid steer loaders, compact track loaders, and small to medium-sized excavators and backhoes. For the purposes of this code, "operating weight" refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working configuration, including all fuel and any additional attachments.

Large Earthmoving Equipment: Construction or excavation machinery primarily designed for the movement, leveling, or digging of earth, with a total operating weight, including attachments, exceeding 8,000 pounds. This equipment is typically used for heavy-duty tasks such as large-scale excavation, grading, trenching, or material handling and includes, but is not limited to, full-sized excavators, bulldozers, loaders, and large backhoes. For the purposes of this code, "operating weight" refers to the total weight of the equipment in its typical working configuration, including all fuel and any additional attachments.

Ordinance No. 25-37 Amd 13-2-3, 13-5B-7, 13-8-14 Parking of Vehicles in Residential Zones

Final Audit Report

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