

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board
Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.⁵
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2025 on our consideration of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

St. George, Utah
May 30, 2025

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

The management of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Infrastructure District No. 1 (the District) offers the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) focuses on the presentation of the financial statements and the related activities in two distinct ways: 1) the review of government-wide financials that reflect the overall assets and activity of the government including the District's capital assets and long term debt obligations, and 2) the more traditional view of the governmental funds that have been established to account for specific activities of the District.

This MD&A will provide a quick look at the highlights of each of these presentations, a more definitive view of what comprises each of these presentations, and a more detailed analysis of each of the presentations, key components and the changes that occurred during 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

The basic government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- *Governmental funds:* The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) inflows and outflows of cash and other financial assets and (2) balances remaining at year-end which are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine financial resources that may be available in the near term to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciling schedule is included on the governmental funds statements explaining the relationship (or difference) between them.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the funds – general, debt service, and capital projects – all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements and reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide financial statement highlights include:

- The combined liabilities of the District exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,647,355 (net position). The entirety of net position is considered unrestricted.
- The District's non-current long-term liabilities total \$44,885,021:
 - The District issued bonds in the 2021 in the par amount of \$40,000,000. The full par amount is outstanding as of the end of the year plus \$4,885,021 in accrued interest on the bonds.
- The government's total net position decreased \$1,280,846 under the full accrual method:
 - Revenues were recognized for the year consisting of Interest Income of \$909,929 and Property Tax of \$202,001. Total revenues increased \$788,694 from the prior year. Expenses totaled \$2,392,776 which is a decrease of \$182,095 from prior year and primarily represents administrative costs and accrued interest on the bonds.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Fund financial statement highlights include:

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17,352,249, of which \$45,660 was unrestricted and the remainder was considered restricted.
- They are comprised of:
 - During 2023, the General Fund received \$352 in revenues and \$94,107 of transfers in from other funds, offset with \$48,799 in expenditures, resulting in an ending fund balance of \$45,660.
 - The Debt Service Fund has an ending fund balance of \$191,481, which is restricted for future debt service payments. This amount represents property taxes levied for \$220,782, interest income of \$1,092, expenditures of \$4,000, transfers to other funds of \$51,724, and a beginning fund balance of \$25,331.
 - The Capital Projects Fund has an ending fund balance of \$17,115,108 and is restricted to future capital outlay. \$14,827,112 of capital outlay was expended during the year and transfers to other funds were \$42,383.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the funds – general, debt service, and capital projects – all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general and special revenue funds in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements and reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 7-17 of this report.

Supplementary information. The supplementary information provided in this report after the basic financial statements includes a schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, budget and actual comparison, for the debt service fund and capital projects fund. These schedules can be found on pages 19-20 of this report.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Governmental Activities Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities exceeded assets by \$4,647,355 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,642,920	\$ 31,124,869	\$ (13,481,949)
Capital Assets	22,885,417	8,058,305	14,827,112
Total Assets	40,528,337	39,183,174	1,345,163
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	290,671	4,639	286,032
Long-Term Liabilities	44,885,021	42,545,044	2,339,977
Total Liabilities	45,175,692	42,549,683	2,626,009
Net Position			
Unrestricted	(4,647,355)	(3,366,509)	(1,280,846)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (4,647,355)</u>	<u>\$ (3,366,509)</u>	<u>\$ (1,280,846)</u>

The District has an unrestricted net position in the amount of \$(4,647,355). This negative net position is primarily a result of the district accruing bond interest to be paid by future tax revenues.

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ -	\$ 16,162	\$ (16,162)
General Revenues:			
Investment Income	909,929	262,862	647,067
Property Tax	202,001	44,112	157,889
Other	-	100	100
Total Revenues	1,111,930	323,236	788,694
Expenses			
General Government	48,799	29,827	18,972
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	2,343,977	2,545,044	(201,067)
Total Expenses	2,392,776	2,574,871	(182,095)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,280,846)	(2,251,635)	970,789
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(3,366,509)	(1,114,874)	(2,251,635)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (4,647,355)</u>	<u>\$ (3,366,509)</u>	<u>\$ (1,280,846)</u>

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Governmental Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the District used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17,352,249, of which \$45,660 constitutes an unrestricted fund balance and \$17,306,589 of which constitutes a restricted fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion within the parameters established for each fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, an unassigned fund balance of \$45,660. Expenditures of \$48,799 were incurred in 2023 and all expenditures were paid by transfers from other funds.

The Debt Service Fund is used for future debt service payments. At the end of the year, a restricted fund balance of \$191,481 was held in the fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used for future construction of infrastructure and other capital-related activities. At the end of the year, a restricted fund balance of \$17,115,108 was held in the fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting to recognize the fiscal impact of debt issuance, sales of assets and debt repayments, as well as capital outlay. This budgetary accounting is required by State statutes.

Debt Administration

During 2021, the District issued Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds in the original par amount of \$40,000,000. The bonds bear interest at 5.50% and are payable semi-annually to the extent of available pledged revenues beginning March 1, 2022. The purpose of the Bonds were to finance capital projects costs benefitting the Gateway at Sand Hollow development.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found within Note 5 of this report.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

The District has appropriated \$52,020 in the General Fund, \$196,308 in the Debt Service Fund, and \$7,228,627 in the Capital Projects Fund for spending in the 2024 fiscal year. It is intended that fund balance plus developer advances, interest income, and property tax revenues will be sufficient to cover these expenditures.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT NO. 1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Request for Information

Management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided within this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

District Accountant of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Infrastructure District No. 1
6955 S Union Park Ave, Suite 300
Cottonwood Heights, UT 84047

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2023

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 408
Cash and Investments - Restricted	17,498,133
Other Receivables	26,402
Receivable from County Treasurer	117,977
Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>22,885,417</u>
Total Assets	<u>40,528,337</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	290,671
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	<u>44,885,021</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>45,175,692</u>
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	<u>(4,647,355)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ (4,647,355)</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 48,799	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (48,799)
Interest on Long-Term Debt and Related Costs	2,343,977	-	-	-	(2,343,977)
	<u>\$ 2,392,776</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(2,392,776)
Total Governmental Activities					
	<u>\$ 2,392,776</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(2,392,776)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property Taxes					202,001
Interest Income					909,929
Total General Revenues and Transfers					<u>1,111,930</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					(1,280,846)
Net Position - Beginning of Year					<u>(3,366,509)</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					<u>\$ (4,647,355)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 408	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 408
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	102,718	17,395,415	17,498,133
Receivable from County Treasurer	-	117,977	-	117,977
Other Receivables	26,402	-	-	26,402
Due from Other Funds	29,214	-	-	29,214
	<u>56,024</u>	<u>220,695</u>	<u>17,395,415</u>	<u>17,672,134</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 56,024</u>	<u>\$ 220,695</u>	<u>\$ 17,395,415</u>	<u>\$ 17,672,134</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,364	\$ -	\$ 280,307	\$ 290,671
Due to Other Funds	-	29,214	-	29,214
Total Liabilities	<u>10,364</u>	<u>29,214</u>	<u>280,307</u>	<u>319,885</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	-	191,481	-	191,481
Capital Projects	-	-	17,115,108	17,115,108
Unassigned	45,660	-	-	45,660
Total Fund Balances	<u>45,660</u>	<u>191,481</u>	<u>17,115,108</u>	<u>17,352,249</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 56,024</u>	<u>\$ 220,695</u>	<u>\$ 17,395,415</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

22,885,417

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Accrued Bond Interest

(4,885,021)

Bonds Payable

(40,000,000)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (4,647,355)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 220,782	\$ -	\$ 220,782
Interest Income	352	1,092	908,485	909,929
Total Revenues	<u>352</u>	<u>221,874</u>	<u>908,485</u>	<u>1,130,711</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	13,037	-	-	13,037
Auditing	9,856	-	-	9,856
Banking Fees	52	-	-	52
Insurance	4,100	-	-	4,100
Legal	21,754	-	-	21,754
Debt Service:				
Paying Agent Fees	-	4,000	-	4,000
Capital Projects:				
Capital Outlay	-	-	14,827,112	14,827,112
Total Expenditures	<u>48,799</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>14,827,112</u>	<u>14,879,911</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(48,447)	217,874	(13,918,627)	(13,749,200)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	94,107	4,000	-	98,107
Transfers Out	-	(55,724)	(42,383)	(98,107)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>94,107</u>	<u>(51,724)</u>	<u>(42,383)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	45,660	166,150	(13,961,010)	(13,749,200)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	25,331	31,076,118	31,101,449
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 45,660</u>	<u>\$ 191,481</u>	<u>\$ 17,115,108</u>	<u>\$ 17,352,249</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (13,749,200)
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Therefore, this is the amount of capital outlay, depreciation and dedication of capital assets to other governments, in the current period.

Capital Outlay	14,827,112
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Deferred inflows of resources are not collected and available in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded as revenues in the funds

Property Taxes - Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources	(18,781)
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Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability	<u>(2,339,977)</u>
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Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (1,280,846)</u></u>
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**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Budget Original & Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Interest Income	\$ -	\$ 352	\$ 352
Total Revenues	-	352	352
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	18,000	13,037	4,963
Auditing	6,500	9,856	(3,356)
Banking Fees	-	52	(52)
Insurance	3,500	4,100	(600)
Legal	22,000	21,754	246
Miscellaneous	1,000	-	1,000
Total Expenditures	51,000	48,799	2,201
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(51,000)	(48,447)	2,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advance	30,514	-	(30,514)
Transfers From Other Funds	20,486	94,107	73,621
Total Other Financing Sources	51,000	94,107	43,107
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	45,660	45,660
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 45,660	\$ 45,660

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

On April 15, 2021, the City Council of Hurricane City (the City) in Washington County, Utah (the County), acting in its capacity as the creating authority for the Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Infrastructure District (the District), adopted a resolution creating the District. On July 22, 2021, the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of the State of Utah issued a Certificate of Creation for the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and sales and use taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investments for the District are reported at fair value determined on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as a component of investment income.

Investments are carried at fair value.

Property Taxes

The County assesses, bills, collects, and distributes property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within its boundaries, including cities, school districts, and special districts, in accordance with state law. Property taxes are collected on two types of assets: 1) personal property, which represents business assets other than real estate, and 2) real estate and improvements. Uncollected taxes, including delinquent amounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through a tax sale process that is conducted when property taxes have been delinquent for five years. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful tax accounts is considered necessary. Property taxes become a lien against the property as of January 1 in the year in which taxes are due. Property valuation notices are mailed to property owners in July.

Property owners can appeal the assessed valuation no later than September 15. Tax notices are mailed to property owners on or before November 1. Payments are due November 30.

Property taxes due in November that are uncollected by the following March are reported as a property tax receivable on the financial statements. Because these taxes are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, they are considered to be a deferred inflow of resources. The County Treasurer, acting as a tax collector, must settle and disburse all tax collections to all taxing entities on a monthly basis. Tax collections are recorded as funds held in trust until disbursement. The County adheres to the following procedures set forth by the Utah State Tax Commission:

January 1: Lien Date – All property appraised based upon situs and status as of this date (real and personal).

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

May 22: County Assessor completes assessment roll and delivers roll to County Auditor with required signed statement.

June 22: All taxing entities with fiscal years ending in June adopt tentative budgets and proposed tax rates and report them to the County Auditor.

July 22: County Auditor prepares and mails Notice of Valuation and Tax Changes to all real property owners, including centrally assessed property owners. Notice is to include date, time, and place of public budget hearings.

August 1: Taxing entities proposing judgment levies and tax increases are to advertise the tax increase and/or judgment levy, hold public hearings, adopt by resolution final budgets and tax rates, and report this information to the County Auditor.

September 15: Applications for appeal of locally assessed real property are due to the County's Board of Equalization. (Hearings are held and decisions made through October 1.)

September 30: Utah State Tax Commission approves certified and proposed tax rates for each taxing entity.

October 1: Calendar-year taxing entities notify County governing body of intent to increase property taxes for the next calendar year. Calendar-year taxing entities must meet statutory noticing requirements which include a public meeting fourteen or more days before the November election, mailings to property owners seven or more days before the November election, and a twice-advertised public hearing.

November 1: County Auditor delivers the equalized assessment roll to the County Treasurer with affidavit and charges the County Treasurer to account for all taxes levied. County Treasurer mails tax notices.

December 1: Unpaid taxes on real property become delinquent and penalty is applied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 408
Cash and Investments - Restricted	17,498,133
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 17,498,541</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 12,017,890
Investments	5,480,651
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 17,498,541</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The District's deposit and investment activities are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7). The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the Utah State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state of Utah, and review the rules adopted under the authority of the Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds. The Utah Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government, and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

At December 31, 2023, the District had a bank and carrying balance of \$12,017,890.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may not recover its deposits. The District does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. Throughout the year and as of December 31, 2023, The District had deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance limit of \$250,000. The District has not experienced any losses as a result of these concentrations.

Investments

The State of Utah Money Management Council (the Council) has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state, and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds. The District follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. Statutes authorize the District to invest in: negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by United States government-sponsored enterprises

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(United States Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), and Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed-rate corporate obligations and variable-rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer and is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Act. The Act established the Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the state of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds	Weighted-Average	
Government Portfolio	45 Days	\$ 5,480,651
		<u>\$ 5,480,651</u>

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Government Portfolio

The capital projects money that is included in the trust accounts at United Missouri Bank (successor of American National Bank) is invested in the Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Government Portfolio. This portfolio is an institutional mutual fund managed by Morgan Stanley Investment Management, Inc. and invests in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. Each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Fund is rated AAmmf by Fitch, AAAM by Standard & Poor's, and Aaa-mf by Moody's.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets constructed by the District will be dedicated to the City or other appropriate governmental entity or owners' association in a manner consistent with the applicable provisions of the City Code. The costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities will be removed from the District's financial records.

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2023
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 8,058,305	\$ 14,827,112	\$ -	\$ 22,885,417

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's outstanding long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Genreal Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2021A	\$ 40,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,000,000	\$ -
Accrued Interest					
Series 2021A	2,545,044	2,339,977	-	4,885,021	-
Subtotal Bonds Payable	<u>\$ 42,545,044</u>	<u>\$ 2,339,977</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 44,885,021</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A (the Bonds)

Proceeds of the Bonds

The District issued the Bonds on November 10, 2021, in the par amount of \$40,000,000. The Bonds were issued to pay the Project Costs and pay the costs of issuance of the Bonds.

Details of the Bonds

The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.50% per annum and are payable annually on March 1, beginning March 1, 2022, but only to the extent of available Pledged Revenue. The Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest prior to the final maturity date of March 1, 2051. Accrued unpaid interest on the Bonds compounds annually on each March 1 until sufficient Pledged Revenue is available for payment or until discharged.

If any amount of principal or interest on the Bonds remains unpaid after application of all Pledged Revenue available therefor on March 1, 2063, the Bonds will be deemed discharged. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law in repayment of the Bonds.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 1, 2026, to November 30, 2027	3.00%
December 1, 2027, to November 30, 2028	2.00
December 1, 2028, to November 30, 2029	1.00
December 1, 2029, and thereafter	0.00

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 5 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A (the Bonds) (Continued)

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable from Pledged Revenue consisting of the following: (a) all Property Tax Revenues; (b) all Pioneering Agreement Revenue (comprised of any payments made by owners of property outside of the District in connection with certain improvement financed by the District); and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Property Tax Revenues means all moneys derived from imposition by the District of the Required Mill Levy (including the allocation to the District of any uniform fees related to personal property). Property Tax Revenues are net of the collection costs of the County and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County.

Utah motor vehicles are subject to a 1.5% uniform fee or an age-based uniform fee and aircraft are subject to a different uniform fee. The annual statewide uniform fee is levied on tangible personal property in lieu of the ad valorem tax. The uniform fee is 1.5% of the fair market value of motor vehicles that weigh 12,001 pounds or more, watercraft, recreational vehicles and all other tangible personal property required to be registered with the State, excluding exempt property such as aircraft and property subject to a fixed age-based fee. Motor vehicles weighing 12,000 pounds or less and certain other vehicles are subject to an age-based fee that is due each time the vehicle is registered.

Required Mill Levy

The District is required to impose an ad valorem property tax upon the taxable property of the District each year in an amount equal to (i) 0.00275 per dollar of taxable value (subject to adjustment in the event of any statutory change in the methodology of assessment or collection of property taxes occurring after the issuance of the Bonds), or (ii) such lesser amount which, if imposed by the District for collection in the current calendar year, after the deduction of the Administrative Expenses and Trustee Fees, would generate Property Tax

Revenues which, when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Bond Fund, will pay the Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected.

Administrative Expenses means an amount reasonably determined by the District as being necessary to pay the District's expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the administration and operation of the District and permitted under the District Act, but not in excess of the following: (a) for calendar year 2021, the amount of \$50,000, (b) for each calendar year thereafter, an additional 2%, and (c) the amount needed to defend the District from certain claims to the extent such amount exceeds the limit in (i) and (ii).

Bonds Debt Service

The annual debt service requirements of the Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Pledged Revenue.

GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of one component – unrestricted.

The District has a deficit unrestricted net position. The deficit was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which are being conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 7 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The District has established a revenue base sufficient to pay operational expenditures through its property tax revenues and subsequent administrative carveout from those revenues.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund was for the funding of administrative costs of the District. The transfer from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund was to provide the administrative carveout portion of property tax revenues for administrative costs in accordance with the Bond Indenture.

NOTE 9 RELATED PARTY

The developer of the property which constitutes the District is Western Mortgage & Realty Company, a Washington corporation (the Developer). All of the members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

On November 4, 2021, the District entered into the Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with the Developer. The Developer is willing to advance funds to the District, from time to time, on the condition that the District agrees to repay such advances. Both parties agree that the maximum loan amount will not exceed the aggregate of \$200,000. The funds will be used for the District's general operating and administrative costs. The repayment of the advances is subject to annual appropriations by the District. The simple interest rate shall be 4% from the date of each advance. The term of repayment shall not exceed beyond 30 years from the date of this agreement.

As of December 31, 2023, no amounts are outstanding under this agreement.

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

NOTE 9 RELATED PARTY (CONTINUED)

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On November 4, 2021, the District entered into the Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement with the Developer. This agreement establishes guidelines for evaluating any request from the Developer to accept costs which may be eligible for reimbursement under this agreement. Eligible District costs shall be certified by the District's accountant and engineer. The District shall reimburse the Developer within 30 days following the acceptance of the eligible District costs.

As of December 31, 2023, no amounts are outstanding under this agreement.

NOTE 10 AGREEMENTS

City Interlocal Agreement

The District has entered into a City Interlocal Agreement (the Interlocal Agreement), dated July 28, 2021, with the City, which, among other things, restates provisions of the Governing Document regarding the limitations on the District's exercise of powers. The Interlocal Agreement generally functions as a contractual obligation of the District to abide by the limitations imposed on it by the City. Some or all of the Public Improvements constructed within the District will be transferred to the City.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God. The District maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	<u>Budget Original</u>	<u>Budget Final</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 24,486	\$ 214,727	\$ 220,782	\$ 6,055
Interest Income	-	1,092	1,092	-
Total Revenues	<u>24,486</u>	<u>215,819</u>	<u>221,874</u>	<u>6,055</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Paying Agent Fees	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	20,486	211,819	217,874	6,055
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers From Other Funds	-	4,000	4,000	-
Transfers To Other Fund	<u>(20,486)</u>	<u>(55,724)</u>	<u>(55,724)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Uses	<u>(20,486)</u>	<u>(51,724)</u>	<u>(51,724)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	160,095	166,150	6,055
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>25,331</u>	<u>25,331</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 185,426</u>	<u>\$ 191,481</u>	<u>\$ 6,055</u>

**GATEWAY AT SAND HOLLOW PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE DISTRICT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Budget Original	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Interest Income	25,000	\$ 908,485	\$ 908,485	\$ -
Total Revenues	25,000	908,485	908,485	-
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	8,956,126	14,827,112	14,827,112	-
Total Expenditures	8,956,126	14,827,112	14,827,112	-
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(8,931,126)	(13,918,627)	(13,918,627)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers To Other Fund	-	(42,383)	(42,383)	-
Total Other Financing Uses	-	(42,383)	(42,383)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(8,931,126)	(13,961,010)	(13,961,010)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	8,931,126	31,076,118	31,076,118	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,115,108</u>	<u>\$ 17,115,108</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

COMPLIANCE REPORTING

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**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Members of the Board
Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the major fund of Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2025.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

St. George, Utah
May 30, 2025



HINTONBURDICK
CPAs & ADVISORS

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and
Report on Internal control over Compliance
as Required by the *State Compliance Audit Guide***

Members of the Board
Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1

Report on Compliance with General State Compliance Requirements

We have audited Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1 compliance with the applicable state compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor that could have a direct and material effect on the District for the year ended December 31, 2023.

State compliance requirements were tested for the year ended December 31, 2023 in the following areas:

- Budgetary Compliance
- Fund Balance
- Restricted Taxes and Other Related Restricted Revenue
- Fraud Risk Assessment
- Governmental Fees
- Open and Public Meetings Act

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit of the state compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state compliance requirement occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each state compliance requirement referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on General State Compliance Requirements

In our opinion, Gateway at Sand Hollow Public Improvement District No. 1 complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to detect and correct noncompliance with a state compliance requirement on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a state compliance requirement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

St. George, Utah
May 30, 2025